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A
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PATENT APPLICATION
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(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No. 96790.P324
First Inventor or Application Identifier Toshikazu Tomita
Title METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR ADJUSTING INK SUPPLY AMOUNT FOR
Express Mail Label No. EM560647921US

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents

ADDRESS TO:

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1. Fee Transmittal Form (e.g. PTO/SB/17)
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2. Specification Total Pages
(preferred arrangement set forth below)

- Descriptive title of the Invention
- Cross References to Related Applications
- Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D
- Reference to Microfiche Appendix
- Background of the Invention
- Brief Summary of the Invention
- Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)
- Detailed Description
- Claim(s)
- Abstract of the Disclosure

3. Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C.113) Total Sheets

4. Oath or Declaration Total Pages

a. Newly executed (original copy)

b. Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d))
(for continuation/divisional with Box 16 completed)

i. **DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)**
Signed statement attached deleting
inventor(s) named in the prior application,
see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).

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5. Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)

6. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission
(if applicable, all necessary)

- a. Computer Readable Copy
- b. Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)
- c. Statement verifying identity of above copies

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

7. Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))

8. 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement Power of Attorney
(when there is an assignee)

9. English Translation Document (if applicable)

10. Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO - 1449 Copies of IDS Citations

11. Preliminary Amendment

12. Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)
(Should be specifically itemized)

13. Small Entity Statement(s) Statement filed in prior application,
Status still proper and desired

14. Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
(if foreign priority is claimed)

15. Other: priority request; formal drawings . . .
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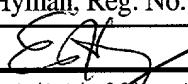
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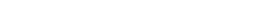
TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAYMENT (\$ 964.00)

<i>Complete if Known</i>	
Application Number	
Filing Date	
First Named Inventor	Toshikazu Tomita
Examiner Name	
Group Art Unit	
Attorney Docket Number	96790.P324



METHOD OF PAYMENT (check one)					FEE CALCULATION (continued)																																																																																																																																																																		
<p>1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any over payments to:</p> <p>Deposit Account Number 02-2666</p> <p>Deposit Account Name Blakely, Sokoloff, Taylor & Zafman LLP</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Charge Any Additional Fee Required Under 37 CFR 1.16 and 1.17 <input type="checkbox"/> Charge the Issue Fee Set in 37 CFR 1.18 at the Mailing of the Notice of Allowance.</p>					<p>3. ADDITIONAL FEE</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Large Entity</th> <th>Small Entity</th> <th>Fee Description</th> <th>Fee Paid</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Fee Code (\$)</th> <th>Fee Code (\$)</th> <th>Fee Description</th> <th>Fee Paid</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>105</td><td>130</td><td>205</td><td>65 Surcharge - late filing fee or oath</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>127</td><td>50</td><td>227</td><td>25 Surcharge - late provisional filing fee or cover sheet.</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>139</td><td>130</td><td>139</td><td>130 Non-English specification</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>147</td><td>2,520</td><td>147</td><td>2,520 For filing a request for reexamination</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>112</td><td>920</td><td>112</td><td>920 Requesting publication of SIR prior to Examiner action</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>113</td><td>1,840*</td><td>113</td><td>1,840* Requesting publication of SIR after Examiner action</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>115</td><td>110</td><td>215</td><td>55 Extension for response within first month</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>116</td><td>380</td><td>216</td><td>190 Extension for response within second month</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>117</td><td>870</td><td>217</td><td>435 Extension for response within third month</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>118</td><td>1,360</td><td>218</td><td>680 Extension for response within fourth month</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>128</td><td>1,850</td><td>228</td><td>925 Extension for response within fifth month</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>119</td><td>300</td><td>219</td><td>150 Notice of Appeal</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>120</td><td>300</td><td>220</td><td>150 Filing a brief in support of an appeal</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>121</td><td>260</td><td>221</td><td>130 Request for oral hearing</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>138</td><td>1,360</td><td>138</td><td>1,360 Petition to institute a public use proceeding</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>140</td><td>110</td><td>240</td><td>55 Petition to revive - unavoidably</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>141</td><td>1,210</td><td>241</td><td>605 Petition to revive - unintentionally</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>142</td><td>1,210</td><td>242</td><td>605 Utility issue fee (or reissue)</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>143</td><td>430</td><td>243</td><td>215 Design issue fee</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>144</td><td>580</td><td>244</td><td>290 Plant issue fee</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>122</td><td>130</td><td>122</td><td>130 Petitions to the Commissioner</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>123</td><td>50</td><td>123</td><td>50 Petitions related to provisional applications</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>126</td><td>240</td><td>126</td><td>240 Submission of Information Disclosure Stmt</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>581</td><td>40</td><td>581</td><td>40 Recording each patent assignment per property (times number of properties)</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>146</td><td>760</td><td>246</td><td>380 Filing a submission after final rejection (37 CFR 1.129(a))</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>149</td><td>760</td><td>249</td><td>380 For each additional invention to be examined (37 CFR 1.129(b))</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td colspan="5">Other fee (specify) _____</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="5">Other fee (specify) _____</td></tr> <tr> <td colspan="5"> <p>SUBTOTAL (2) (\$ 234.00)</p> </td> <td colspan="5"> <p>SUBTOTAL (3) (\$ 40.00)</p> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Large Entity	Small Entity	Fee Description	Fee Paid	Fee Code (\$)	Fee Code (\$)	Fee Description	Fee Paid	105	130	205	65 Surcharge - 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Specification

Title of the Invention

Method and Apparatus for Adjusting

Ink Supply Amount for

5 Printing Press

Background of the Invention

The present invention relates to a method and apparatus for adjusting an ink supply amount for a 10 printing press, which adjust the amount of ink to be supplied to a plate by adjusting setting of the opening amount of an ink fountain key and the feed rate (rotation amount) of an ink fountain roller.

A four-color rotary printing press shown in 15 Fig. 16 has printing units 9-1 to 9-4 provided for four ink colors. An ink supply unit shown in Fig. 15 is provided in each of the printing units 9-1 to 9-4.

The ink supply unit shown in Fig. 15 has an ink fountain 1, an ink 2 stored in the ink fountain 1, 20 an ink fountain roller 3, a plurality of ink fountain keys 4 (4-1 to 4-n) aligned in the axial direction of the ink fountain roller 3, an ink ductor roller 5, an ink roller group 6, a plate 7, and a plate cylinder 8.

In the printing press having the above 25 arrangement, the amount of ink to be supplied from the ink fountain 1 to the ink fountain roller 3 is adjusted by adjusting the opening amounts of the ink fountain

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keys 4. The amount of ink to be supplied from the ink fountain roller 3 to the plate 7 through the ink roller group 6 is adjusted by adjusting the feed rate (rotation amount) of the ink fountain roller 3. A print sheet is 5 printed with the ink finally supplied to the plate 7.

The opening amount of each ink fountain key 4 is set in accordance with the image area ratio of each of areas, corresponding to the ink fountain keys 4, of the plate 7 by following the "conversion curve of the image area ratio to the opening amount of the ink fountain key" stored in advance. The feed rate of the ink fountain roller 3 is set in accordance with a predetermined reference ink feed rate. The opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 and the feed rate of the ink fountain roller 3 (ink feed rate) are set in units of printing units 9-1 to 9-4. More specifically, the "conversion curve of the image area ratio to the opening amount of the ink fountain key" and the reference ink feed rate are determined in units of ink colors.

Conventionally, since the "conversion curve of the image area ratio to the opening amount of the ink fountain key" and the reference ink feed rate are uniquely determined by the printing machine manufacturer, differences in standard density among the printing companies and differences depending on the environment are not considered. For this reason, the operator of

each printing company actually checks the color of the printed printing product after the opening amounts of the respective ink fountain keys 4 and the feed rate of the ink fountain roller 3 are set by using the standard 5 characteristics in units of printing units 9-1 to 9-4.

In accordance with the result of color checking, the operator finely adjusts the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 separately, or the feed rate of the ink fountain roller 3, thereby dealing 10 with the differences in standard density and the differences depending on the environment. This fine adjustment of the amount of ink to be supplied requires a very advanced technique and can be performed only by a skilled operator. The fine adjustment takes a very long 15 period of time, leading to a delay in printing operation.

Also, conventionally, the "conversion curve of the image area ratio to the opening amount of the ink fountain key" and the reference ink feed rate must be stored in units of ink colors, and a very large memory 20 capacity is accordingly necessary.

Summary of the Invention

It is an object of the present invention to provide a method and apparatus for adjusting an ink supply amount for a printing press, which can perform 25 color matching for actual printing and set and adjust the amount of ink to be supplied easily and within a short period of time.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a method and apparatus for adjusting an ink supply amount for a printing press, which do not require a very large memory capacity.

5 In order to achieve the above objects, according to the present invention, there is provided an ink supply amount adjusting method for a printing press having an ink fountain for storing an ink, an ink fountain roller to which the ink is supplied from the 10 ink fountain, a plurality of ink fountain keys aligned in an axial direction of the ink fountain roller to adjust an amount of ink to be supplied from the ink fountain to the ink fountain roller, and an ink roller group for supplying the ink to a plate in an amount 15 adjusted in accordance with a feed rate of the ink fountain roller, comprising the steps of

 obtaining reference opening amounts of the ink fountain keys in accordance with image area ratios of respective areas, corresponding to the ink fountain keys, 20 of the plate by following a preset relationship between an image area ratio and opening amounts of the ink fountain keys, and

 uniformly correcting the obtained reference opening amounts of the ink fountain keys with preset 25 correction values, thereby obtaining set values of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Fig. 1 is a block diagram of an ink supply amount adjusting apparatus for a printing press according to the first embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a flow chart for explaining the operation of the ink supply amount adjusting apparatus of Fig. 1 before the start of printing;

Fig. 3 is a flow chart for explaining the
10 operation of the ink supply amount adjusting apparatus
of Fig. 1 at the start of printing;

Fig. 4 is a plan view of a testing plate used in the ink supply amount adjusting apparatus of Fig. 1;

15 Figs. 5A to 5C are graphs showing the relationship among the opening amount of the ink fountain key, the ink feed rate, and the reference printing density;

Fig. 6 is a block diagram of an ink supply amount adjusting apparatus for a printing press according to the second embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 7 is a flow chart for explaining the operation of the ink supply amount adjusting apparatus of Fig. 6 before the start of printing;

25 Fig. 8 is a flow chart for explaining the
operation of the ink supply amount adjusting apparatus
of Fig. 6 at the start of printing;

Fig. 9 is a block diagram of an ink supply amount adjusting apparatus for a printing press according to the third embodiment of the present invention;

5 Fig. 10 is a flow chart for explaining the operation of the ink supply amount adjusting apparatus of Fig. 9 before the start of printing;

Fig. 11 is a flow chart for explaining the 10 operation of the ink supply amount adjusting apparatus of Fig. 9 at the start of printing;

Fig. 12 is a block diagram of an ink supply amount adjusting apparatus for a printing press according to the fourth embodiment of the present invention;

15 Fig. 13 is a flow chart for explaining the operation of the ink supply amount adjusting apparatus of Fig. 12 before the start of printing;

Fig. 14 is a flow chart for explaining the 20 operation of the ink supply amount adjusting apparatus of Fig. 12 at the start of printing;

Fig. 15 is a view schematically showing an ink supply unit for a printing unit of each ink color in a rotary printing press;

25 Fig. 16 is a side view schematically showing a four-color rotary printing press; and

Figs. 17A, 17B, and 17C are function block diagrams of the CPUs respectively shown in Figs. 1, 9,

and 12.

Description of the Preferred Embodiments

The present invention will be described in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings. In 5 the following description, Figs. 15 and 16 are also referred to.

[First Embodiment]

Fig. 1 shows an ink supply amount adjusting apparatus for a printing press according to the first 10 embodiment of the present invention. Referring to Fig. 1, the ink supply amount adjusting apparatus is comprised of a CPU (Central Processing Unit) 10, a ROM (Read Only Memory) 11, a RAM (Random Access Memory) 12, a switch group 13, a display 14, a drive 15 for a floppy 15 disk or magnetic card, a printer 16, a densitometer 17, a measurement unit 18 for measuring the plate image area ratio of a testing plate, A/D (Analog-to-Digital) converters 19 and 20, input/output (I/O) interfaces 21 to 23, a reference density memory 24, a conversion curve 20 memory 25, an ink feed rate memory 26, a correction amount memory 27, an ink fountain key drive unit 28, and an ink fountain roller drive unit 29.

The CPU 10 obtains various kinds of input information supplied through the input/output interfaces 25 21 to 23 and performs various processing operations in accordance with programs stored in the ROM 11 while accessing the RAM 12.

The standard densities in units of respective ink colors unique to the printing company (in units of printing units) are stored in the reference density memory 24 if necessary. Usually, when the printing 5 press is shipped from the manufacturer, standard densities in units of ink colors are stored in the memory 24. The "conversion curve of the image area ratio to the opening amount of the ink fountain key" for each ink color is stored in the conversion curve memory 10 25. When the printing press is shipped from the manufacturer, the one and only standard characteristic for each ink color is stored in the memory 25.

The ink feed rates in units of ink colors are stored in the ink feed rate memory 26. When the 15 printing press is shipped from the manufacturer, the reference ink feed rates in units of ink colors are stored in the memory 26 as the standard values. The correction amounts (increments/decrements) of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys in units of ink 20 colors are stored in the correction amount memory 27 as the uniform values for the respective ink fountain keys 4. More specifically, correction amounts common to all the ink fountain keys 4 (Fig. 15) are set as the 25 correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys in units of ink colors. When the printing press is shipped from the manufacturer, the correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys

are set to 0 for each ink color.

The ink fountain key drive unit 28 is separately provided to correspond to each ink fountain key 4 of each of the printing units 9-1 to 9-4. More 5 specifically, in each of the printing units 9-1 to 9-4, n (n is a positive integer of 2 or more) ink fountain key drive units 28 are provided to correspond to the n ink fountain keys 4. In this case, the opening amounts of the n ink fountain keys 4 with respect to the ink 10 fountain roller 3 are separately adjusted by the n ink fountain key drive units 28 having the same arrangement.

The ink fountain key drive unit 28 has an input/output interface 28A, a D/A converter 28B, a fountain key motor driver 28C, a fountain key motor 28D, a potentiometer 28E added to the fountain key motor 28D, and an A/D converter 28F.

The ink fountain roller drive unit 29 is separately provided to correspond to each ink fountain roller 3 of each of the printing units 9-1 to 9-4. More 20 specifically, in the four-color printing press, four ink fountain roller drive units 29 are provided to correspond to the four printing units 9-1 to 9-4. In this case, the feed rates of the ink fountain rollers 3 of the respective printing units 9-1 to 9-4 are 25 separately adjusted by the four ink fountain roller drive units 29 having the same arrangement.

The ink fountain roller drive unit 29 has an

input/output interface 29A, a D/A converter 29B, a fountain roller driving motor driver 29C, a fountain roller driving motor 29D, a rotary encoder 29E added to the fountain roller driving motor 29D, an F/V converter 5 29F, and an A/D converter 29G.

[How to Adjust Correction Amount of Opening Amount of Ink Fountain Key and Ink Feed Rate in Adjustment Before Actual Printing (Fig. 2)]

Prior to the start of printing, the correction 10 amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys in units of ink colors stored in the correction amount memory 27 and the ink feed rates in units of ink colors stored in the ink feed rate memory 26 are adjusted. In this adjustment, testing plates 7A having the same image 15 as shown in Fig. 4 are used in units of ink colors. A color patch portion 7A1 and ink supply amount adjusting image portion 7A2 are formed on each testing plate 7A.

The color patch portion 7A1 is a known image portion used for measuring printing quality, and is 20 constituted by a plurality of patches (not shown) which are printed in the respective areas corresponding to the ink fountain keys 4 to be continuous in the direction of array of the ink fountain keys 4. The ink supply amount adjusting image portion 7A2 has a right-angled 25 triangular shape, and the image area ratios within the respective areas corresponding to the ink fountain keys 4 gradually change in the direction along which the ink

fountain keys 4 are aligned.

To adjust the correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 and the ink feed rate, the operator measures the image area ratios 5 of the testing plate 7A with the measurement unit 18 and supplies them to the CPU 10 (step S101). More specifically, the operator measures the image area ratios, corresponding to the ink fountain keys 4, of the respective areas of the testing plate 7A, and supplies 10 them to the CPU 10 through the A/D converter 20 and input/output interface 22.

The CPU 10 calculates the reference opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors in accordance with the image area ratios, 15 corresponding to the ink fountain keys 4, of the respective areas of the testing plate 7A by following the "conversion curve (standard characteristics) of the image area ratio to the opening amount of the ink fountain key" for each ink color (step S102) and stored 20 in the conversion curve memory 25 in advance.

The (reference) ink feed rates in units of ink colors are read out from the ink feed rate memory 26 (step S103), and the readout ink feed rates of the respective ink colors are set in the ink fountain rollers 3 of the printing units 9-1 to 9-4 through the ink fountain roller drive unit 29. The reference opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the

respective ink colors obtained in step S102 are also set through the ink fountain key drive unit 28 (step S104).

With the four testing plates 7A being set on the plate cylinders 8 of the respective ink colors, the 5 operator performs printing to acquire a printing sample (step S105). The density of each ink color of the acquired printing sample is measured with the densitometer 17 (step S106), and is supplied to the CPU 10 through the A/D converter 19 and input/output 10 interface 21. On the basis of data supplied from the densitometer 17, the CPU 10 checks whether the density (measured density) of each area, corresponding to the ink fountain key 4, of each ink color of the printing sample coincides with the corresponding reference 15 density (the reference density unique to the printing company) of each ink color stored in the reference density memory 24 in advance (step S107).

If the measured density and the reference density do not coincide with each other, i.e., if the 20 difference between the measured density and reference density is not zero or does not fall within a predetermined range, the CPU 10 determines that the density must be adjusted. For the sake of descriptive convenience, assume that the measured density and the 25 reference density do not coincide with each other in all areas of the respective ink colors.

When the density need be adjusted, the

operator adjusts the correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys in units of ink colors stored in the correction amount memory 27 and the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors stored in the 5 ink feed rate memory 26 (step S108). More specifically, the operator increases or decreases the current correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors and the current ink feed rates in units of ink colors while 10 monitoring them displayed on the display 14. The adjusted correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys and the adjusted ink feed rates, of the respective ink colors are overwritten in the 15 correction amount memory 27 and ink feed rate memory 26.

15 The CPU 10 reads out the adjusted correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors from the correction amount memory 27 (step S109). The CPU 10 then adds the readout correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink 20 fountain keys of the respective ink colors to the reference opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors obtained in step S102, thereby correcting the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors (step S110). More 25 specifically, if the correction amounts are positive values, they are uniformly added to the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4; if they are negative values,

they are uniformly subtracted from the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4.

The CPU 10 then reads out the adjusted ink feed rates of the respective ink colors from the ink feed rate memory 26 (step S111). The readout ink feed rates of the respective ink colors, and the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors corrected in step S110, are set in the CPU 10 through the ink fountain roller drive unit 29 and ink fountain key drive unit 28 (step S112).

In each ink color, if the measured density obtained in step S107 is a constant value A, as indicated by a characteristic curve I shown in Fig. 5A, regardless of the image area ratio, this characteristic curve is changed by adjusting the ink feed rate in step S112. For example, when the ink feed rate is increased, the density increases, as indicated by a characteristic curve II. The density does not increase sharply at a portion with a low image area ratio, but increases gradually as the image area ratio increases, and stays at a substantially constant value when the image area ratio reaches a certain value.

In each ink color, if the measured density obtained in step S107 is a constant value A, as indicated by a characteristic curve I shown in Fig. 5B, regardless of the image area ratio, this characteristic curve is changed by adjusting the opening amounts of the

respective ink fountain keys 4 in step S112. For example, when the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 are uniformly increased, the density increases, as indicated by a characteristic curve III. The density 5 increases largely at a portion with a low image area ratio, but decreases gradually as the image area ratio increases, and stays at substantially a constant value when the image area ratio reaches a certain value.

In step S112, since both the ink feed rates 10 and the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys are adjusted, the characteristic curves II and III are combined to provide a characteristic curve IV, as shown in Fig. 5C. The printing density of each ink color can be adjusted to a desired density (reference density) B 15 by translation without changing the "conversion curve of the image area ratio to the opening amount of the ink fountain key" for each ink color and stored in the conversion curve memory 25.

After this adjustment, the operator performs 20 printing again with the testing plate 7A being set on the plate cylinder 8 of each ink color, and acquires a printing sample (step S113). The operator then measures the density of each ink color of the acquired printing sample (step S114). The CPU 10 checks whether the 25 measured density of each area, corresponding to the ink fountain key 4, of the corresponding ink color of the acquired printing sample coincides with the reference

density in the same manner as in the previous step S107 (step S115).

The CPU 10 repeats the steps S108 to S115 until the measured densities of all areas of the 5 respective ink colors coincide with the reference densities. When the measured densities of all areas of the respective ink colors coincide with the reference densities, the CPU 10 ends adjustment of the correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 10 and the ink feed rates performed before the start of printing.

[How to Set Ink Supply Amount at Start of Actual Printing (Fig. 3)]

Prior to the start of printing with the plate 15 7 of each ink color being mounted, the operator separately measures the image area ratio of the plate 7 of each ink color with the plate image area ratio measurement unit 18, and supplies the obtained ratio to the CPU 10 (step S201). More specifically, the operator 20 measures the image area ratios, corresponding to the ink fountain keys 4, of the respective areas of the plates 7 of the respective ink colors, and supplies the measured image area ratios to the CPU 10 through the A/D converter 20 and input/output interface 22.

25 The CPU 10 obtains the reference opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors in accordance with the image area ratios of the

respective areas, corresponding to the ink fountain keys 4, of the plate 7 of the respective ink colors by following the "conversion curve of the image area ratio to the opening amount of the ink fountain key" for each 5 ink color (step S202) and stored in the conversion curve memory 25 in advance. The operator then reads out the correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors from the correction amount memory 27 (step S203). The CPU 10 10 then adds the readout correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors to the reference opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors obtained in step S202, thereby obtaining preset values of the 15 opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 for the respective ink colors (step S204). More specifically, if the correction amounts are positive amounts, they are uniformly added to the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4; if they are negative values, they are 20 uniformly subtracted from the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4.

The CPU 10 then reads out the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors from the ink feed rate memory 26 (step S205). The readout ink feed rates of 25 the respective ink colors, and the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors obtained in step S204, are set in the CPU 10 through the

ink fountain roller drive unit 29 and ink fountain key drive unit 28 (step S206). Printing is then started (step S207).

In this case, the ink feed rates of the
5 respective ink colors in the ink feed rate memory 26 and
the correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink
fountain keys of the respective ink colors in the
correction amount memory 27 are adjusted such that the
reference densities of the respective ink colors unique
10 to the printing company are obtained by repeating steps
S108 to S115 before the start of printing regardless of
the image area ratios. Therefore, appropriate ink
supply amounts can be obtained from the beginning.

More specifically, conventionally, the opening
15 amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 and the ink feed
rates, of the respective ink colors are set in
accordance with the reference densities unique to the
printing company to be employed and the printing
environmental conditions, and after that the operator
20 adjusts the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys and
the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors without
regularity while repeating printing test of the printing
products with the plates 7, such that appropriate
amounts of inks are supplied. According to this
25 embodiment, such ink supply amount adjustment with the
plates 7 being mounted is not necessary. Appropriate
amounts of inks can be obtained immediately after the

plates 7 are mounted.

According to this embodiment, since the correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors are uniform, the correction amounts and ink feed rates can be adjusted before the start of printing easily within a short period of time when compared to a method of setting separate correction amounts in units of ink fountain keys. The basic "conversion curve of the image area ratio to the opening amount of the ink fountain key" determined by the printing machine manufacturer in units of ink colors need not be changed, and the adjusting operation can be simplified.

According to this embodiment, both the
15 correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink
fountain keys and the ink feed rates, of the respective
ink colors are adjusted. In some cases, only either the
correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink
fountain keys or the ink feed rates, of the respective
20 ink colors need be adjusted. For example, in Fig. 5B,
within an image area ratio range where the
characteristic curve III of the density translates, a
desired density B can be obtained only by adjusting the
correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink
25 fountain keys of the respective ink colors. In Fig. 5A,
within an image area ratio range where the
characteristic curve II of the density translates, a

desired density B can be obtained only by adjusting the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors.

When the density obtained by printing with the conditions set by the printing machine manufacturer 5 exhibits a characteristic curve III as shown in Fig. 5B, the desired density B can be obtained only by adjusting the ink feed rates. When the density obtained by printing exhibits a characteristic curve II shown in Fig. 5A, the desired density B can be obtained only by 10 adjusting the correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys.

[Second Embodiment]

Fig. 6 shows an ink supply amount adjusting apparatus for a printing press according to the second 15 embodiment of the present invention. Referring to Fig. 6, the same reference numerals as in Fig. 1 denote the same or equivalent constituent elements, and a detailed description thereof will be omitted.

The ink supply amount adjusting apparatus 20 according to this embodiment has, in addition to the arrangement shown in Fig. 1, a coefficient memory 30 for storing the coefficients of ink feed rates in units of ink colors. The coefficients of the ink feed rates in units of ink colors (in units of printing units) are set 25 to "1" when the printing machine is shipped from the manufacturer. [How to Adjust Correction Amount of Opening Amount of Ink Fountain Key and Coefficient of

Ink Feed Rate in Adjustment Before Actual Printing
(Fig. 7)]

Prior to the start of printing, the correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 5 in units of ink colors stored in a correction amount memory 27 and the coefficients of the ink feed rates in units of ink colors stored in a coefficient memory 30 are adjusted. In this adjustment as well, testing plates 7A identical to that shown in Fig. 4 are used.

10 The processes of steps S301 to S307 and S314 to S316 in Fig. 7 are the same as those of steps S101 to S107 and S113 to S115 in Fig. 2, and a description thereof will accordingly be omitted.

15 When it is determined in step S307 that the density need be adjusted, the operator adjusts the correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors stored in the correction amount memory 27 and the coefficients of the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors stored in 20 the coefficient memory 30 (step S308). More specifically, the operator increases or decreases the current correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys and the current coefficients of the ink feed rates, of the respective ink colors while 25 monitoring them displayed on a display 14. The adjusted correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys and the adjusted coefficients of the ink

feed rates, of the respective ink colors are overwritten in the correction amount memory 27 and coefficient memory 30, respectively.

The CPU 10 reads out the adjusted correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors from the correction amount memory 27 (step S309). The CPU 10 then adds the readout correction amounts (increments/decrements) of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors to the reference opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors obtained in step S302, thereby correcting the opening amounts of ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors (step S310). More specifically, if the correction amounts are positive values, they are uniformly added to the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4; if they are negative values, they are uniformly subtracted from the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4.

The CPU 10 then reads out the adjusted coefficients of the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors from the coefficient memory 30 (step S311). The CPU 10 multiplies the reference ink feed rate for each ink color, read by the step S303, by the readout coefficients of the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors, thereby correcting the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors (step S312). Subsequently, the

CPU 10 sets the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors obtained in step S310 and the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors obtained in step S312 through an ink fountain key drive unit 28 5 and ink fountain roller drive unit 29 (step S313). When the setting operation is ended, the flow advances to step S315.

[How to Set Ink Supply Amount at Start of Actual Printing (Fig. 8)]

10 Processes of steps S401 to S404 in Fig. 8 are the same as those of steps S201 to S204 in Fig. 3, and a description thereof will accordingly be omitted.

15 The CPU 10 reads out the reference ink feed rate for each ink color from the ink feed rate memory 26 in step S405, and reads the coefficients of the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors from the coefficient memory 30 (step S406). The CPU 10 then multiplies the reference ink feed rate for each ink color, read in step S405, by the readout coefficients of the ink feed rates 20 of the respective ink colors, thereby obtaining preset values of the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors (step S407).

25 The CPU 10 sets the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors obtained in step S404, and the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors obtained in step S407 through the ink fountain key drive unit 28 and ink fountain roller drive unit 29

(step S408). Printing is then started (step S409).

In this embodiment, the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors are corrected by multiplying them by the coefficients. Alternatively, if correction values are obtained and added to the reference ink feed rate, in the same manner as that performed when adjusting the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys, the same effect can be obtained.

[Third Embodiment]

10 Fig. 9 shows an ink supply amount adjusting apparatus for a printing press according to the third embodiment of the present invention. Referring to Fig. 9, the same reference numerals as in Fig. 1 denote the same or equivalent constituent elements, and a
15 detailed description thereof will be omitted.

The ink supply amount adjusting apparatus according to this embodiment has, in addition to the arrangement shown in Fig. 1, a zero position memory 31 for storing the zero positions (origin positions) of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys in units of ink colors.

[How to Adjust Correction Amount of Opening Amount of Ink Fountain Key and Ink Feed Rate in Adjustment Before Actual Printing (Fig. 10)]

25 Prior to the start of printing, the correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys in units of ink colors stored in a correction amount

memory 27 and the ink feed rates in units of ink colors stored in an ink feed rate memory 26 are adjusted. In this adjustment as well, testing plates 7A identical to that shown in Fig. 4 are used. The processes of steps 5 S501 to S515 in Fig. 10 are the same as those of steps S101 to S115 in Fig. 2, and a description thereof will be omitted.

[How to Set Ink Supply Amount at Start of Actual
Printing (Fig. 11)]

10 The operator measures the image area ratio of the testing plate 7A with a measurement unit 18 and supplies it to a CPU 10 (step S601). The CPU 10 reads out the zero positions of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors stored in the 15 zero position memory 31 (step S602), and the correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors stored in the correction amount memory 27 (step S603). Subsequently, the CPU 10 adds the correction amounts (increments/decrements) of 20 the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors to the readout zero positions of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors, thereby correcting the zero positions of the opening amounts of the ink fountain 25 keys of the respective ink colors (step S604). More specifically, if the correction amounts are positive values, they are uniformly added to the zero positions

of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys; if they are negative values, they are uniformly subtracted from the zero positions of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys.

5 The CPU 10 obtains the reference opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors in accordance with the image area ratios of the respective areas, corresponding to the ink fountain keys 4, of the plates 7 of the respective ink colors by
10 following the "conversion curve of the image area ratio to the opening amount of the ink fountain key" for each ink color (step S605) and stored in a conversion curve memory 25 in advance. The operator then obtains the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the
15 respective ink colors from the corrected zero positions of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors obtained in step S604 and the reference opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors obtained in step S605 (step
20 S606).

 The CPU 10 reads out the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors from the ink feed rate memory 26 (step S607). The CPU 10 then sets the readout ink feed rates of the respective ink colors and the opening amounts of ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors obtained in step S606 through an ink fountain roller drive unit 29 and ink fountain key drive unit 28

(step S608). After that, printing is started (step S609).

In this case, the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors are set 5 with reference to the corrected zero positions of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors. More specifically, the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors are set with reference to the zero positions that 10 are adjusted such that the reference densities of the respective ink colors unique to the printing company can be obtained regardless of the image area ratio. Therefore, when the setting operation of the opening amounts is combined with the setting operation of the 15 ink feed rates of the respective ink colors read from the ink feed rate memory 26, appropriate ink supply amounts can be obtained from the beginning.

[Fourth Embodiment]

Fig. 12 shows an ink supply amount adjusting 20 mechanism for a printing press according to the fourth embodiment of the present invention. Referring to Fig. 12, the same reference numerals as in Fig. 6 denote the same or equivalent constituent elements, and a detailed description thereof will be omitted.

25 The ink supply amount adjusting mechanism according to this embodiment has, in addition to the arrangement shown in Fig. 6, a memory 31 for storing the

zero positions (origin positions) of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys in units of ink colors.

[How to Adjust Correction Amount of Opening Amount of Ink Fountain Key and Coefficient of Ink Feed Rate in

5 Adjustment Before Actual Printing (Fig. 13)]

Prior to the start of printing, the correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys in units of ink colors stored in a correction amount memory 27 and the coefficients of the ink feed rates in units of ink colors stored in a memory 30 are adjusted.

In this adjustment as well, testing plates 7A identical to that shown in Fig. 4 are used. The processes of steps S701 to S716 in Fig. 13 are the same as those of steps S301 to S316 in Fig. 7, and a description thereof will be omitted.

[How to Set Ink Supply Amount at Start of Actual Printing (Fig. 14)]

The operator measures the image area ratio of the testing plate 7A with a measurement unit 18 and supplies it to a CPU 10 (step S801). The CPU 10 reads out the zero positions of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors stored in the zero position memory 31 (step S802), and the correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors stored in the correction amount memory 27 (step S803). Subsequently, the CPU 10 adds the correction amounts (increments/decrements) of

the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the
respective ink colors to the readout zero positions of
the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the
respective ink colors, thereby correcting the zero
5 positions of the opening amounts of the ink fountain
keys of the respective ink colors (step S804). More
specifically, if the correction amounts are positive
values, they are uniformly added to the zero positions
of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys; if they
10 are negative values, they are uniformly subtracted from
the zero positions of the opening amounts of the ink
fountain keys.

The CPU 10 obtains the reference opening
amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink
15 colors in accordance with the image area ratios of the
respective areas, corresponding to ink fountain keys, of
the plate 7 of the respective ink colors 4 by following
the "conversion curve of the image area ratio to the
opening amount of the ink fountain key" for each ink
20 color (step S805) stored in a conversion curve memory 25
in advance. The CPU 10 then obtains the opening amounts
of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors
from the corrected zero positions of the opening amounts
of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors
25 obtained in step S804 and the reference opening amounts
of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors
obtained in step S805 (step S806).

The CPU 10 reads out the reference ink feed rate common to the ink colors from an ink feed rate memory 26 (step S807), and the coefficients of the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors from the 5 coefficient memory 30 (step S808). The CPU 10 then multiplies the reference ink feed rate for each ink color read in step S807 by the readout coefficients of the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors, thereby obtaining preset values of the ink feed rates of the 10 respective ink colors (step S809).

The CPU 10 sets the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors obtained in step S806 and the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors obtained in step S809 through an ink fountain key 15 drive unit 28 and ink fountain roller drive unit 29. After that, printing is started (step S811).

In this case, the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors are set with reference to the corrected zero positions of the 20 opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors. More specifically, the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys 4 of the respective ink colors are set with reference to the zero positions that are adjusted such that the reference densities of the 25 respective ink colors unique to the printing company can be obtained regardless of the image area ratio.

Therefore, when the setting operation of the opening

amounts is combined with the setting operation of the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors obtained in step S809, appropriate ink supply amounts can be obtained from the beginning.

5 In this embodiment, the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors are corrected by multiplying them by the coefficients. Alternatively, if correction values are obtained and added to the reference ink feed rates, in the same manner as that performed when
10 adjusting the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys, the same effect can be obtained.

 Figs. 17A, 17B, and 17C show the relationships between the function blocks of the CPUs 10 of Figs. 1, 9, and 12 and their processing steps. In the CPU 10 of
15 Fig. 1 shown in Fig. 17A, a first reference opening amount calculating portion 101 performs the process of step S102 of Fig. 2, and an opening amount correction value calculating portion 102 performs the processes of steps S108 to S115 of Fig. 2. A second reference
20 opening amount calculating portion 103 performs the process of step S202 of Fig. 3, and an opening amount preset value calculating portion 104 performs the process of step S206 of Fig. 3. The same applies to the CPU 10 shown in Fig. 6.

25 In the CPU 10 of Fig. 9 shown in Fig. 17B, a first reference opening amount calculating portion 201 performs the process of step S502 of Fig. 10, and an

opening amount correction value calculating portion 202 performs the processes of steps S508 to S515 of Fig. 10. An origin position correcting portion 203 performs the process of step S604 of Fig. 11, and an opening amount 5 preset value calculating portion 204 performs the process of step S606 of Fig. 11.

In the CPU 10 of Fig. 12 shown in Fig. 17C, an overwriting portion 301 performs the processes of steps S708 to S716 of Fig. 13, a feed rate correction value 10 setting portion 302 performs the process of step S808 of Fig. 14, and a feed rate preset value calculating portion 303 performs the process of step S809 of Fig. 14. A CPU 10 of Fig. 12 can also have at least one functional block of the CPUs 10 of Figs. 1 and 9.

15 As has been described above, according to the present invention, in particular, color matching in actual printing can be more effectively facilitated within a short period of time. In particular, when at least one of the correction amounts/origin positions of 20 the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys of the respective ink colors and the correction values of the ink feed rates of the respective ink colors is adjusted such that the reference densities of the respective ink colors unique to the printing company can be obtained 25 regardless of the image area ratio before the start of printing, a higher effect can be obtained. As the relationship between the image area ratio and the

opening amounts of the ink fountain keys, it suffices if only one reference value is set to be common to the respective ink colors. Therefore, a large memory capacity is not needed, and the image capacity can be 5 reduced greatly.

According to the present invention, the correction amounts of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys and the correction amounts of the ink feed rates, of the ink colors can be overwritten. Therefore, 10 the amount of ink to be supplied, which varies depending on the printing companies and the differences in the environment, can be adjusted easily within a short period of time by adjusting the correction values (increments/decrements) of the opening amounts of the 15 ink fountain keys and the correction amounts of the ink feed rates, of the ink colors before the start of printing.

What is claimed is:

1. An ink supply amount adjusting method for a printing press having an ink fountain for storing an ink, an ink fountain roller to which said ink is supplied from said ink fountain, a plurality of ink fountain keys aligned in an axial direction of said ink fountain roller to adjust an amount of ink to be supplied from said ink fountain to said ink fountain roller, and an ink roller group for supplying said ink to a plate in an amount adjusted in accordance with a feed rate of said ink fountain roller, comprising the steps of
 11. obtaining reference opening amounts of said ink fountain keys in accordance with image area ratios of respective areas, corresponding to said ink fountain keys, of said plate by following a preset relationship between an image area ratio and opening amounts of said ink fountain keys, and
 17. uniformly correcting the obtained reference opening amounts of said ink fountain keys with preset correction values, thereby obtaining set values of the opening amounts of said ink fountain keys.
2. A method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of overwriting the correction values of the opening amounts of said ink fountain keys.

3. A method according to claim 2, wherein the
2 overwriting step comprises the steps of
3 obtaining the reference opening amounts of
4 said ink fountain keys, prior to start of actual
5 printing, by following the preset relationship between
6 the image area ratio and the opening amounts of said ink
7 fountain keys, and
8 obtaining correction values of the obtained
9 reference opening amounts of said ink fountain keys on
10 the basis of measured densities of a printing sample
11 printed by using testing plates having the same image
12 area ratio.

4. An ink supply amount adjusting method for a
2 printing press having an ink fountain for storing an ink,
3 an ink fountain roller to which said ink is supplied
4 from said ink fountain, a plurality of ink fountain keys
5 aligned in an axial direction of said ink fountain
6 roller to adjust an amount of ink to be supplied from
7 said ink fountain to said ink fountain roller, and an
8 ink roller group for supplying said ink to a plate in an
9 amount adjusted in accordance with a feed rate of said
10 ink fountain roller, comprising the steps of
11 uniformly presetting correction values of
12 opening amounts of said ink fountain keys,
13 correcting origin positions of the opening
14 amounts of said ink fountain keys by using the preset

15 correction values, and
16 setting the opening amounts of said ink
17 fountain keys in accordance with image area ratios of
18 respective areas, corresponding to said ink fountain
19 keys, of said plate by following a preset relationship
20 between an image area ratio and the opening amounts of
21 said ink fountain keys.

5. A method according to claim 4, further
2 comprising the step of overwriting the correction values
3 of the opening amounts of said ink fountain keys.

6. A method according to claim 5, wherein the
2 overwriting step comprises the steps of
3 obtaining reference opening amounts of said
4 ink fountain keys, prior to start of actual printing, by
5 following the preset relationship between the image area
6 ratio and the opening amounts of said ink fountain keys,
7 and
8 obtaining correction values of the obtained
9 reference opening amounts of said ink fountain keys on
10 the basis of measured densities of a printing sample
11 printed by using testing plates having the same image
12 area ratio.

7. An ink supply amount adjusting method for a
2 printing press having an ink fountain for storing an ink,

3 an ink fountain roller to which said ink is supplied
4 from said ink fountain, a plurality of ink fountain keys
5 aligned in an axial direction of said ink fountain
6 roller to adjust an amount of ink to be supplied from
7 said ink fountain to said ink fountain roller, and an
8 ink roller group for supplying said ink to a plate in an
9 amount adjusted in accordance with a feed rate of said
10 ink fountain roller, comprising the steps of
11 presetting correction values of feed rates of
12 said ink fountain rollers, and
13 correcting a preset reference feed rate of
14 said ink fountain roller by using the preset correction
15 values, thereby setting the feed rates of said ink
16 fountain rollers.

8. A method according to claim 7, further
2 comprising the step of overwriting the correction values
3 of the feed rates of said ink fountain rollers.

9. A method according to claim 7, further
2 comprising the steps of
3 obtaining reference opening amounts of said
4 ink fountain keys in accordance with image area ratios
5 of respective areas, corresponding to said ink fountain
6 keys, of said plate by following a preset relationship
7 between an image area ratio and the opening amounts of
8 said ink fountain keys, and

9 uniformly correcting the obtained reference
10 opening amounts of said ink fountain keys with the
11 preset correction values, thereby obtaining set values
12 of the opening amounts of said ink fountain keys.

10. A method according to claim 7, further
2 comprising the steps of

3 uniformly setting the correction values of the
4 opening amounts of said ink fountain keys,
5 correcting origin positions of the opening
6 amounts of said ink fountain keys by using the preset
7 correction values, and

8 obtaining the opening amounts of said ink
9 fountain keys in accordance with image area ratios of
10 respective areas, corresponding to said ink fountain
11 keys, of said plate by following a preset relationship
12 between an image area ratio and the opening amounts of
13 said ink fountain keys.

11. An ink supply amount adjusting apparatus for
2 a printing press having an ink fountain for storing an
3 ink, an ink fountain roller to which said ink is
4 supplied from said ink fountain, a plurality of ink
5 fountain keys aligned in an axial direction of said ink
6 fountain roller to adjust an amount of ink to be
7 supplied from said ink fountain to said ink fountain
8 roller, and an ink roller group for supplying said ink

9 to a plate in an amount adjusted in accordance with a
10 feed rate of said ink fountain roller, comprising
11 first calculating means for obtaining
12 reference opening amounts of said ink fountain keys in
13 accordance with image area ratios of respective areas,
14 corresponding to said ink fountain keys, of said plate
15 by following a preset relationship between an image area
16 ratio and opening amounts of said ink fountain keys, and
17 second calculating means for uniformly
18 correcting the reference opening amounts of said ink
19 fountain keys output from said first calculating means
20 with preset correction amounts, thereby obtaining set
21 values of the opening amounts of said ink fountain keys.

12. An apparatus according to claim 11, further
2 comprising overwriting means for overwriting the
3 correction values of the opening amounts of said ink
4 fountain keys.

13. An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein
2 said overwriting means comprises
3 third calculating means for obtaining the
4 reference opening amounts of said ink fountain keys,
5 prior to start of actual printing, by following the
6 preset relationship between the image area ratio and the
7 opening amounts of said ink fountain keys, and
8 setting means for setting the correction

9 values of the reference opening amounts of said ink
10 fountain keys output from said third calculating means
11 on the basis of measured densities of a printing sample
12 printed by using testing plates having the same image
13 area ratio.

14. An ink supply amount adjusting apparatus for
1 a printing press having an ink fountain for storing an
2 ink, an ink fountain roller to which said ink is
3 supplied from said ink fountain, a plurality of ink
4 fountain keys aligned in an axial direction of said ink
5 fountain roller to adjust an amount of ink to be
6 supplied from said ink fountain to said ink fountain
7 roller, and an ink roller group for supplying said ink
8 to a plate in an amount adjusted in accordance with a
9 feed rate of said ink fountain roller, comprising
10 correction means for correcting origin
11 positions of the opening amounts of said ink fountain
12 keys by using the preset correction values of the
13 opening amounts of said ink fountain keys, and
14 first calculating means for obtaining set
15 values of the opening amounts of said ink fountain keys
16 in accordance with image area ratios of respective areas,
17 corresponding to said ink fountain keys, of said plate
18 by following a preset relationship between an image area
19 ratio and the opening amounts of said ink fountain keys.

15. An apparatus according to claim 14, further
2 comprising overwriting means for overwriting the
3 correction values of the opening amounts of said ink
4 fountain keys.

16. An apparatus according to claim 15, wherein
2 said rewriting means comprises
3 second calculating means for obtaining
4 reference opening amounts of said ink fountain keys,
5 prior to start of actual printing, by following the
6 relationship between the preset image area ratio and the
7 opening amounts of said ink fountain keys, and
8 setting means for setting correction values of
9 the reference opening amounts of said ink fountain keys
10 output from said second calculating means on the basis
11 of measured densities of a printing sample printed by
12 using testing plates having the same image area ratio.

17. An ink supply amount adjusting apparatus for
2 a printing press having an ink fountain for storing an
3 ink, an ink fountain roller to which said ink is
4 supplied from said ink fountain, a plurality of ink
5 fountain keys aligned in an axial direction of said ink
6 fountain roller to adjust an amount of ink to be
7 supplied from said ink fountain to said ink fountain
8 roller, and an ink roller group for supplying said ink
9 to a plate in an amount adjusted in accordance with a

10 feed rate of said ink fountain roller, comprising
11 presetting means for presetting correction
12 values of feed rates of said ink fountain rollers, and
13 first calculating means for correcting a
14 preset reference feed rate of said ink fountain roller
15 by using the correction values obtained by said setting
16 means, thereby obtaining set values of the feed rates of
17 said ink fountain rollers.

18. An apparatus according to claim 17, further
2 comprising overwriting means for overwriting the
3 correction values of the feed rates of said ink fountain
4 rollers.

19. An apparatus according to claim 17, further
2 comprising
3 second calculating means for obtaining
4 reference opening amounts of said ink fountain keys in
5 accordance with image area ratios of respective areas,
6 corresponding to said ink fountain keys, of said plate
7 by following a preset relationship between an image area
8 ratio and the opening amounts of said ink fountain keys,
9 and
10 third calculating means for uniformly
11 correcting the reference opening amounts of said ink
12 fountain keys output from said second calculating means
13 with preset correction values, thereby obtaining set

14 values of the opening amounts of said ink fountain keys.

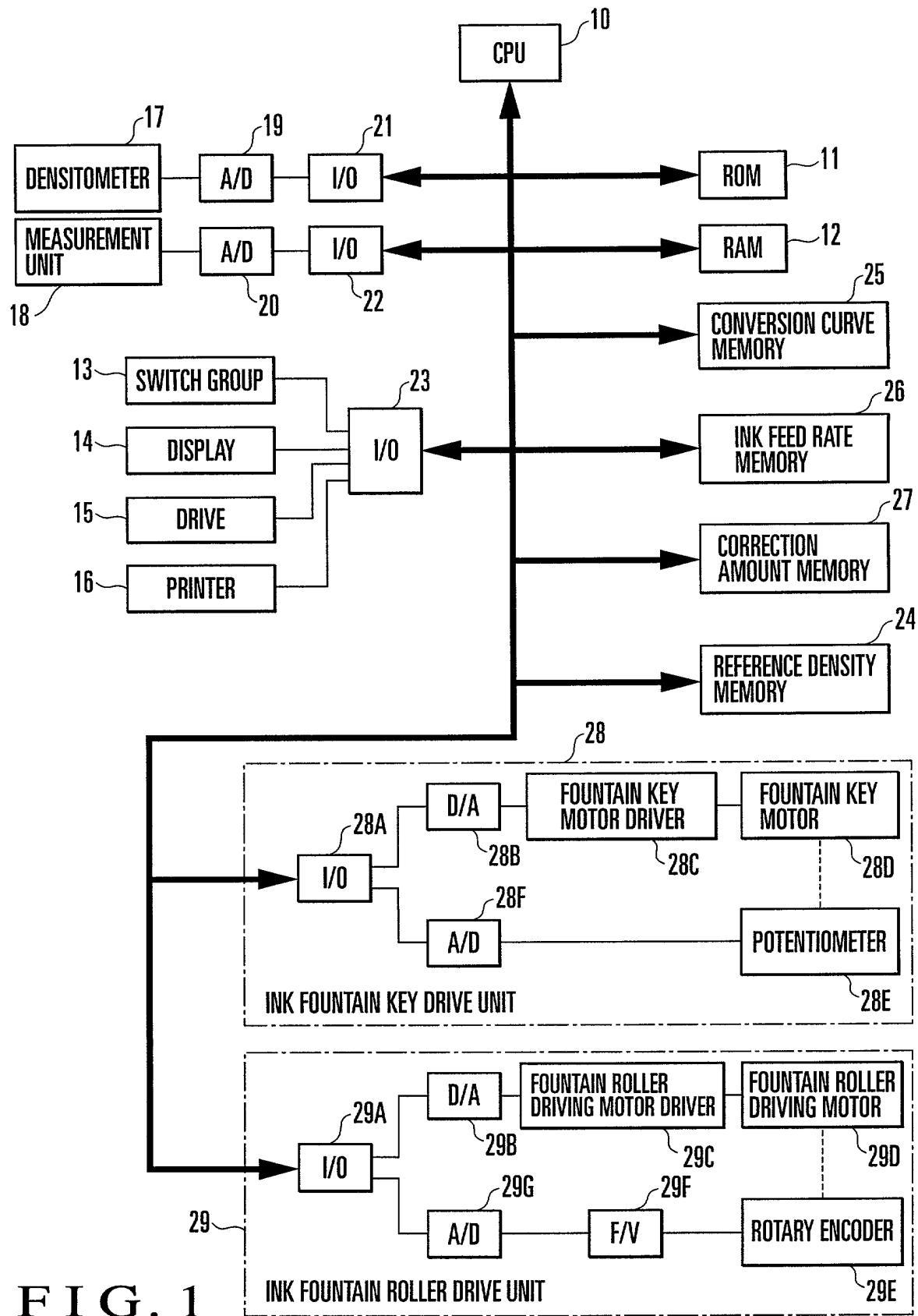
20. An apparatus according to claim 17, further
2 comprising

3 correcting means for correcting origin
4 positions of the opening amounts of said ink fountain
5 keys with the preset correction values of the opening
6 amounts of said ink fountain keys, and

7 second calculating means for obtaining set
8 values of the opening amounts of said ink fountain keys
9 in accordance with image area ratios of respective areas,
10 corresponding to said ink fountain keys, of said plate
11 by following a preset relationship between an image area
12 ratio and the opening amounts of said ink fountain keys.

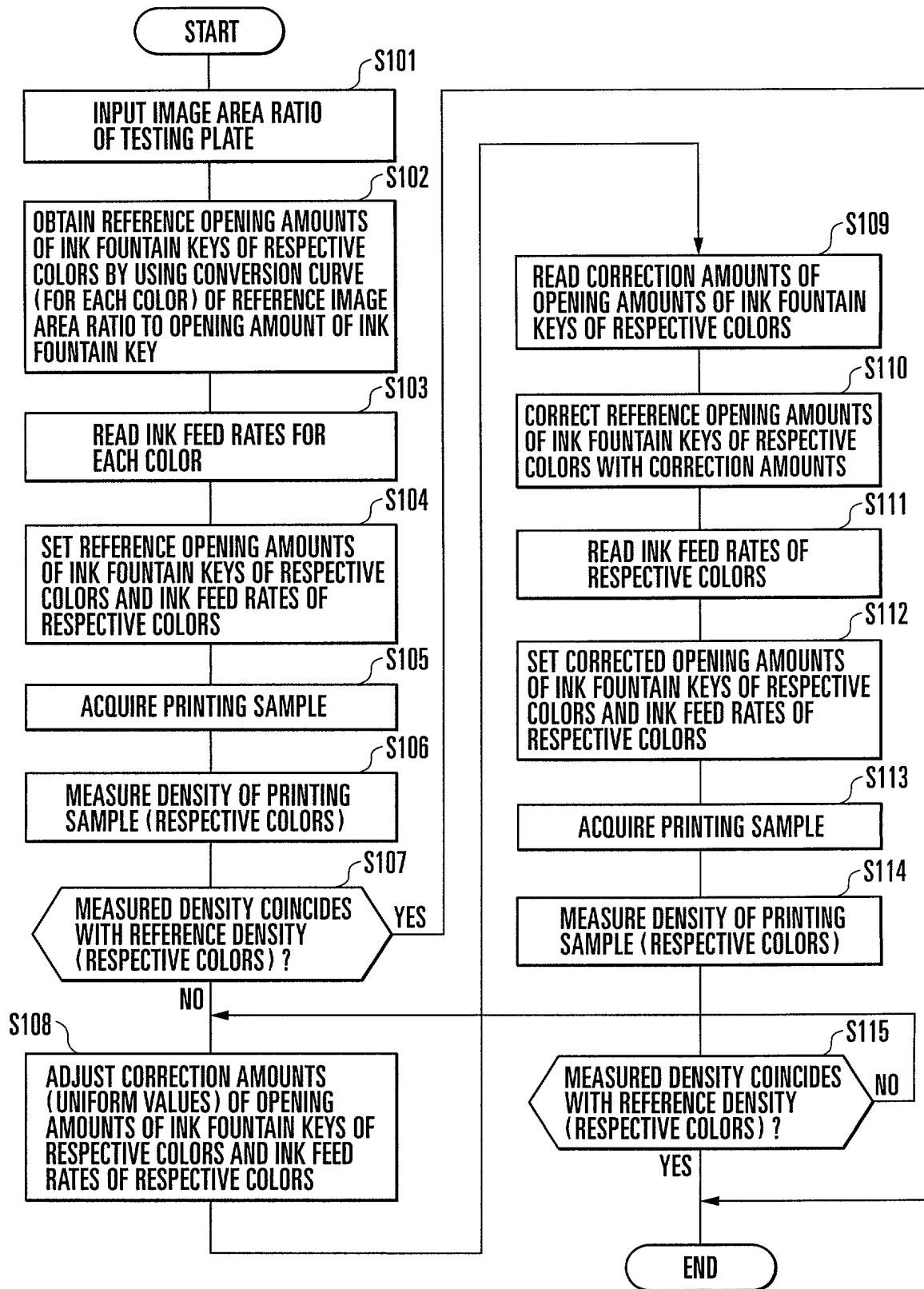
Abstract of the Disclosure

In an ink supply amount adjusting method for this printing machine, reference opening amounts of ink fountain keys are obtained in accordance with image area ratios of respective areas, corresponding to the ink fountain keys, of a plate by following a preset relationship between an image area ratio and opening amounts of the ink fountain keys. The obtained reference opening amounts are uniformly corrected with preset correction values, thereby obtaining set values of the opening amounts of the ink fountain keys. An ink supply amount adjusting apparatus is also disclosed.



F I G. 1

00000000000000000000000000000000



F I G. 2

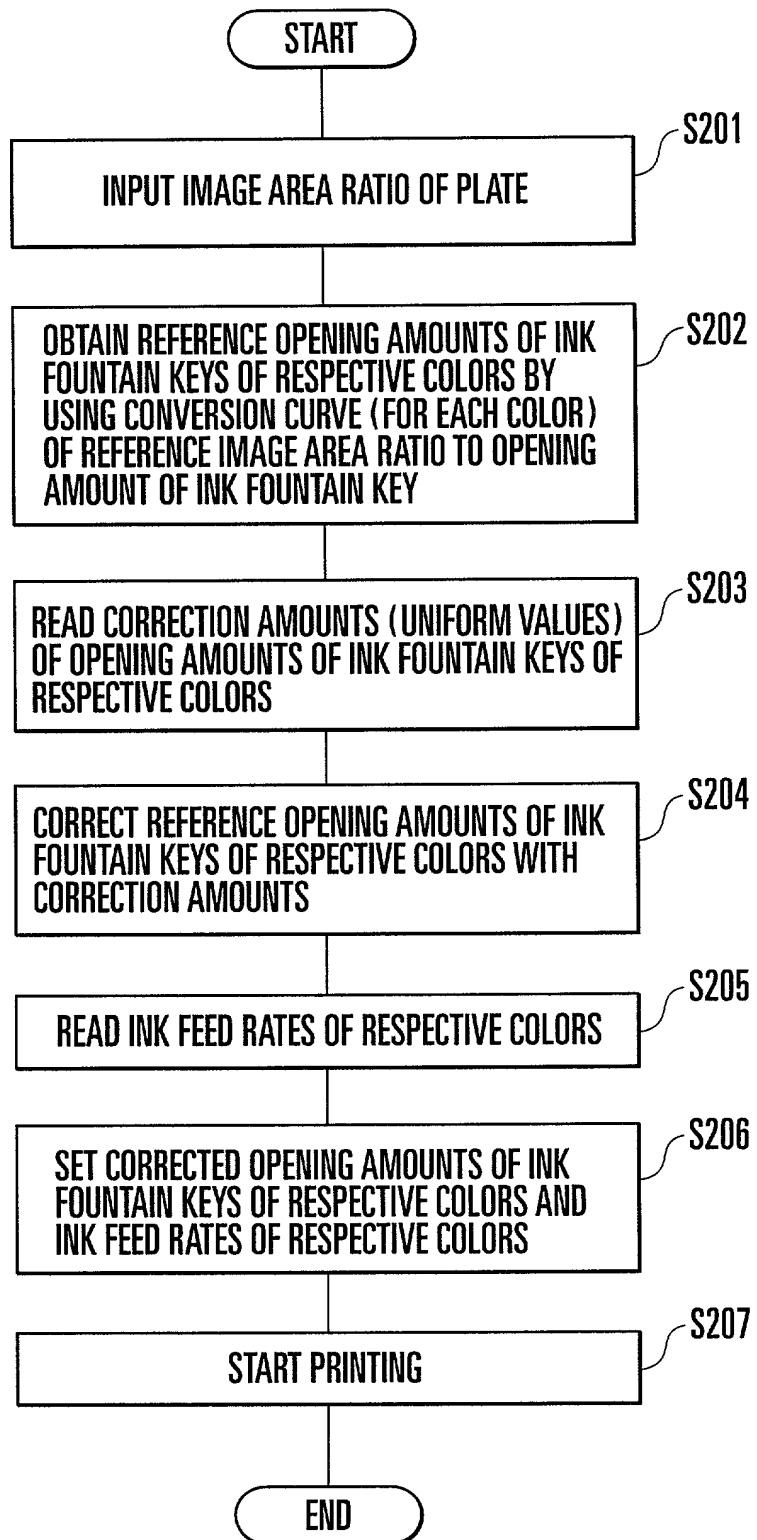


FIG. 3

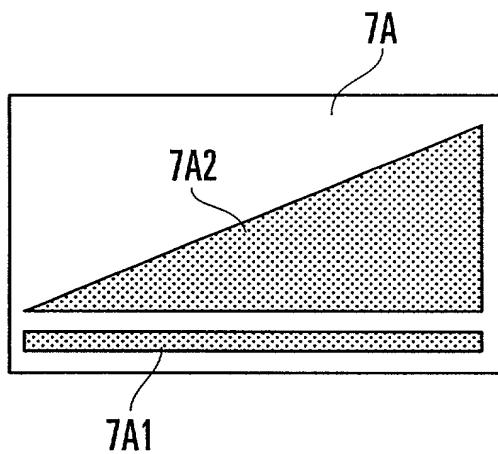


FIG. 4

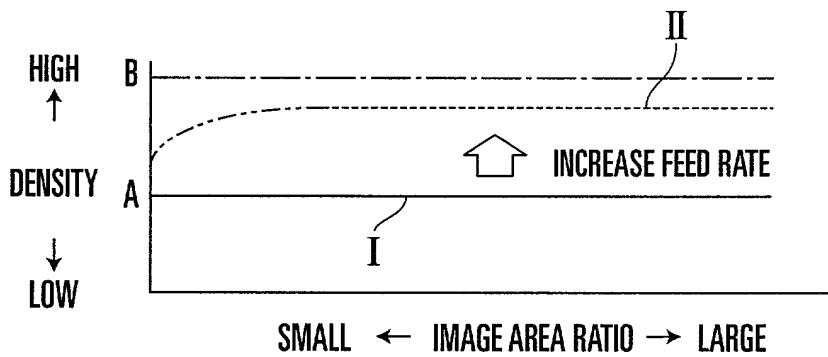


FIG. 5A

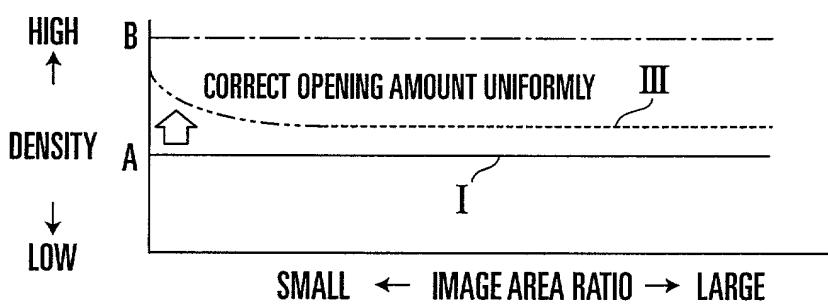


FIG. 5B

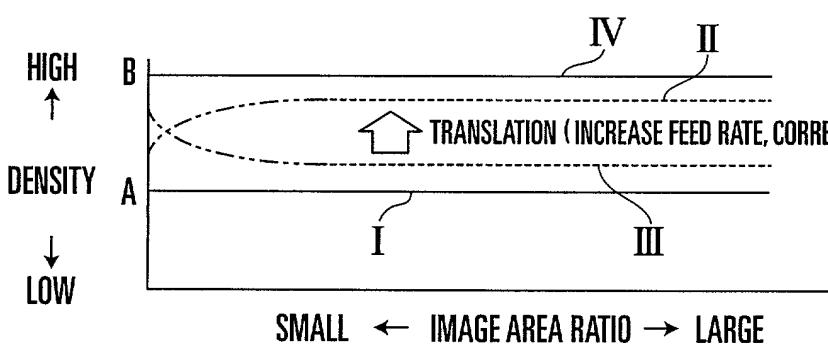


FIG. 5C

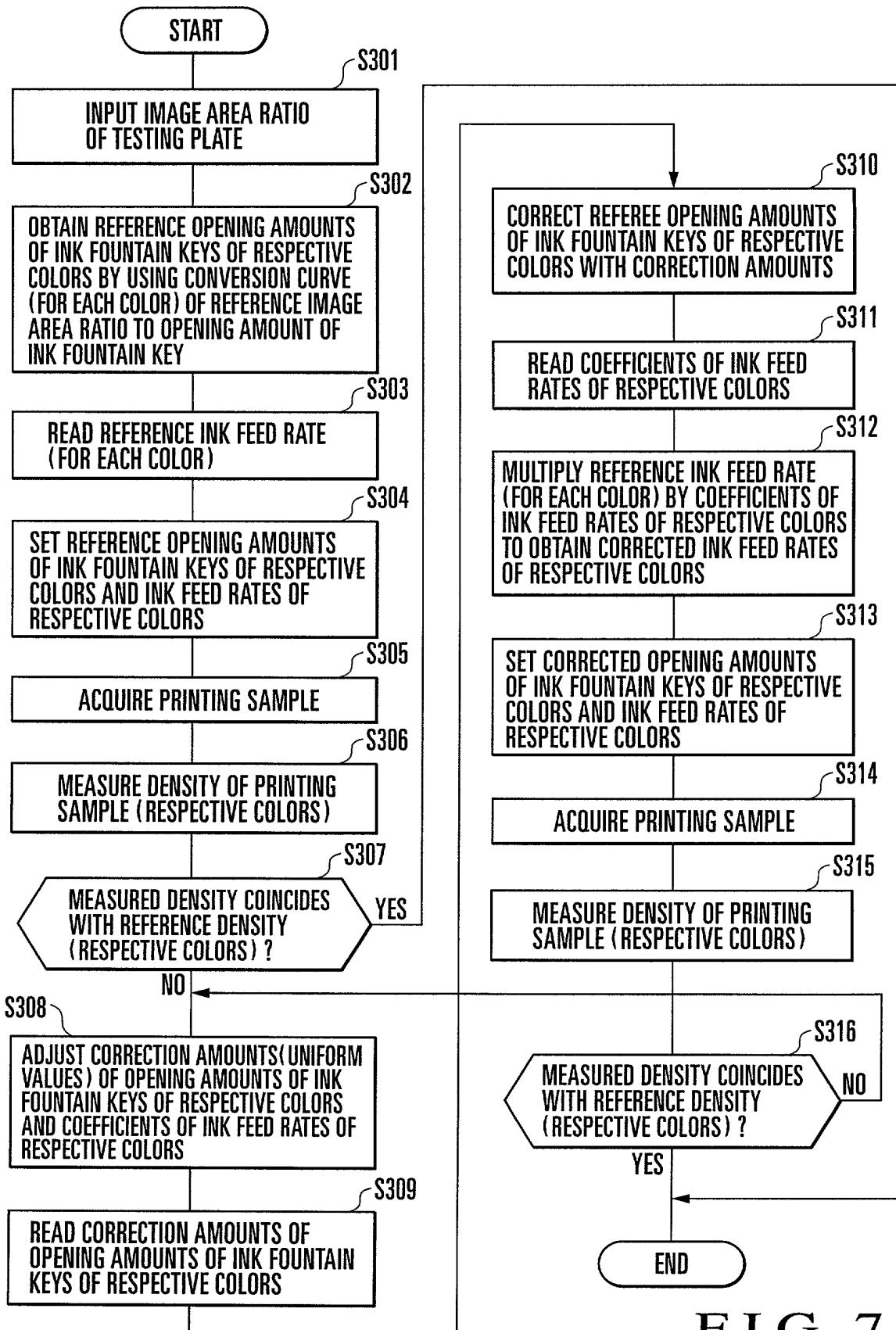


FIG. 7

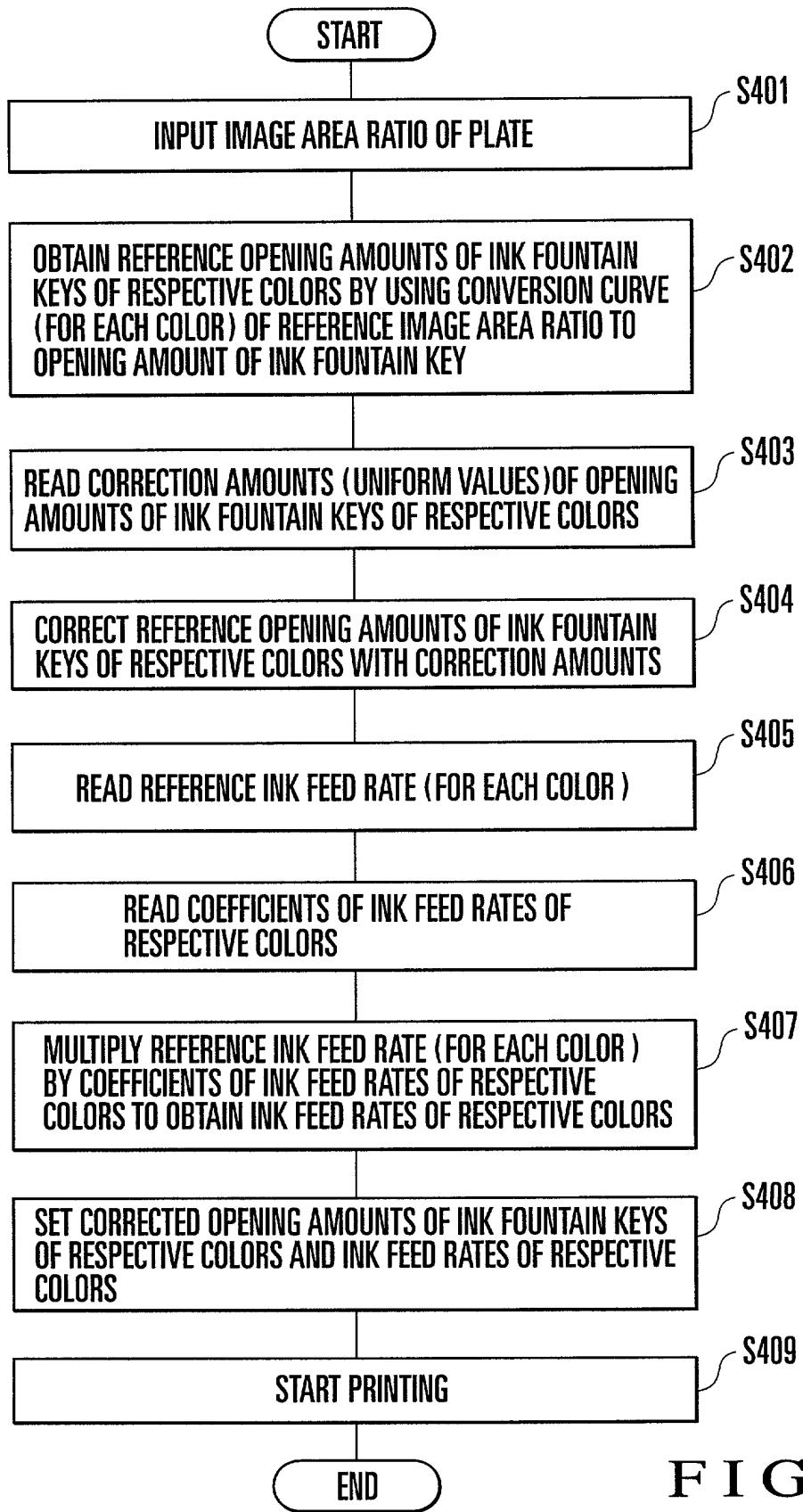


FIG. 8

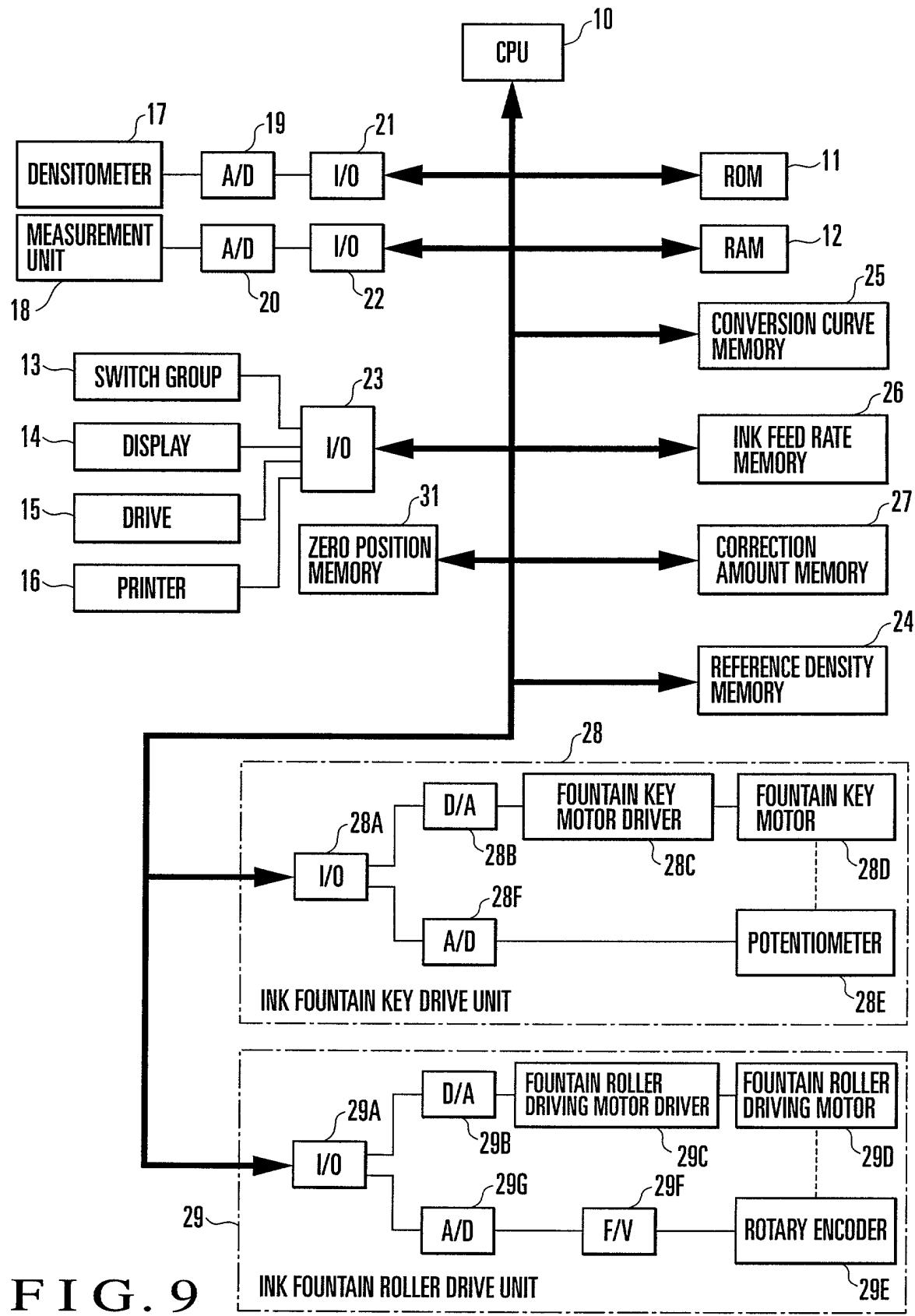


FIG. 9

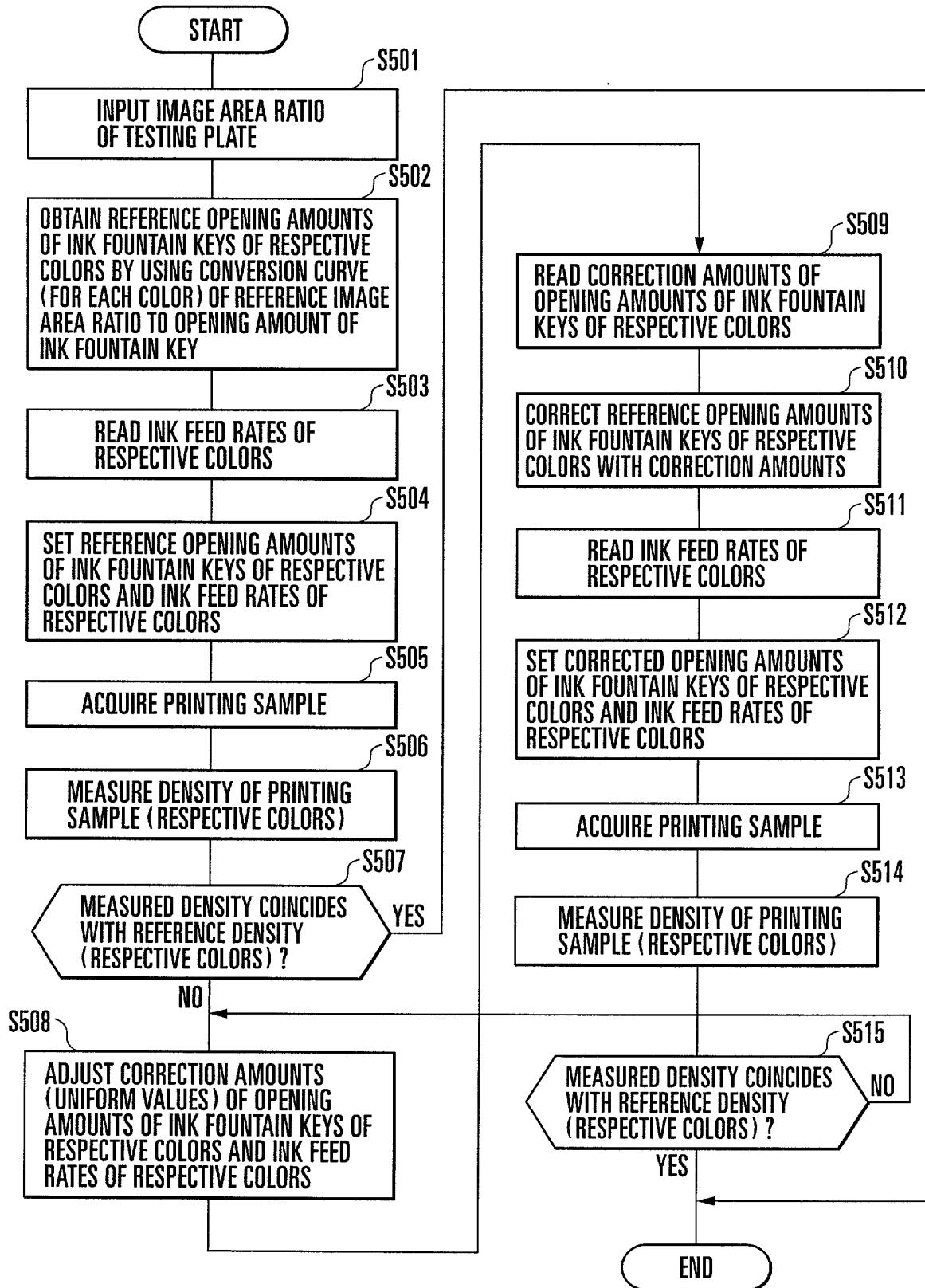


FIG. 10

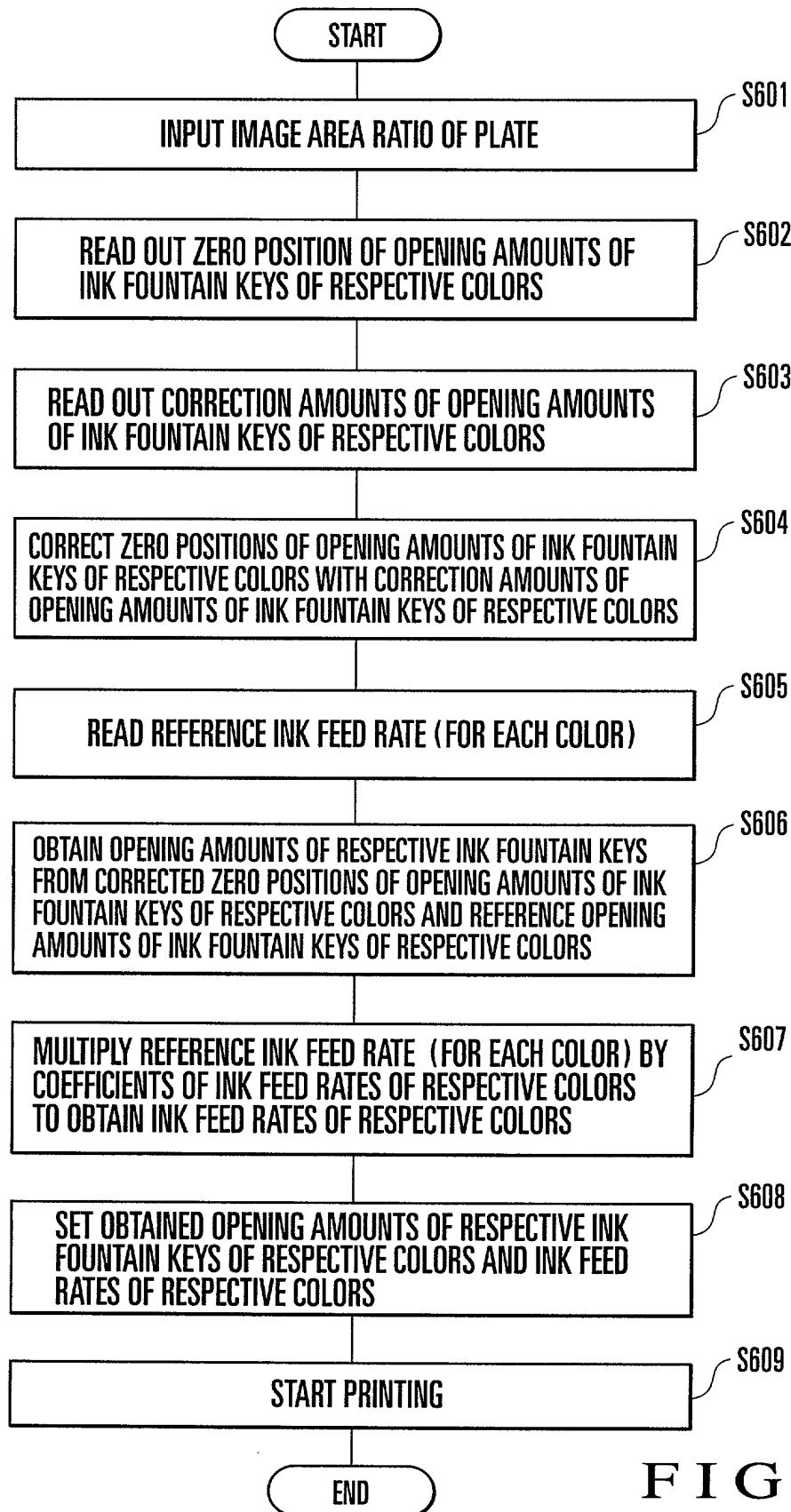
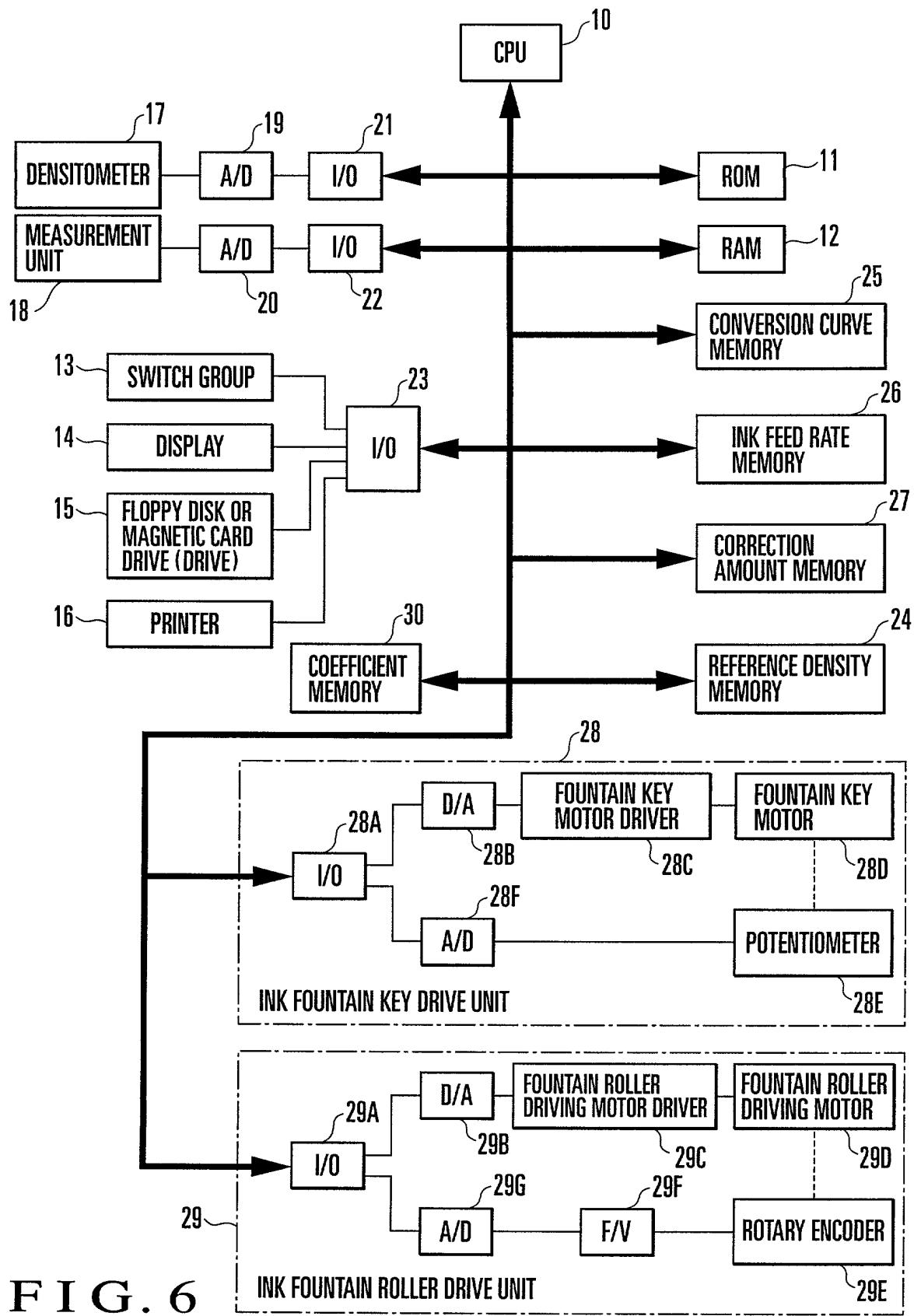


FIG. 11



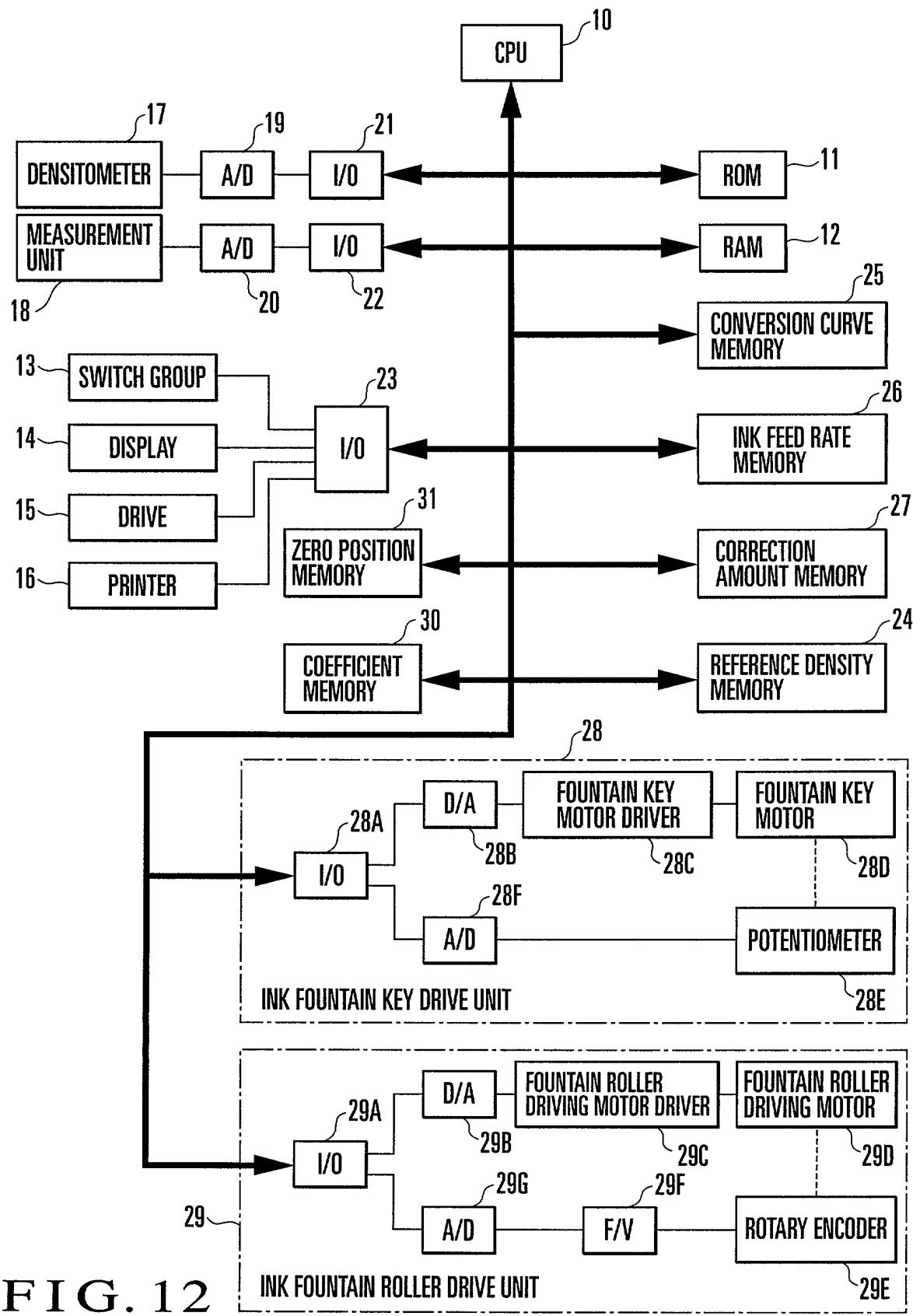


FIG. 12

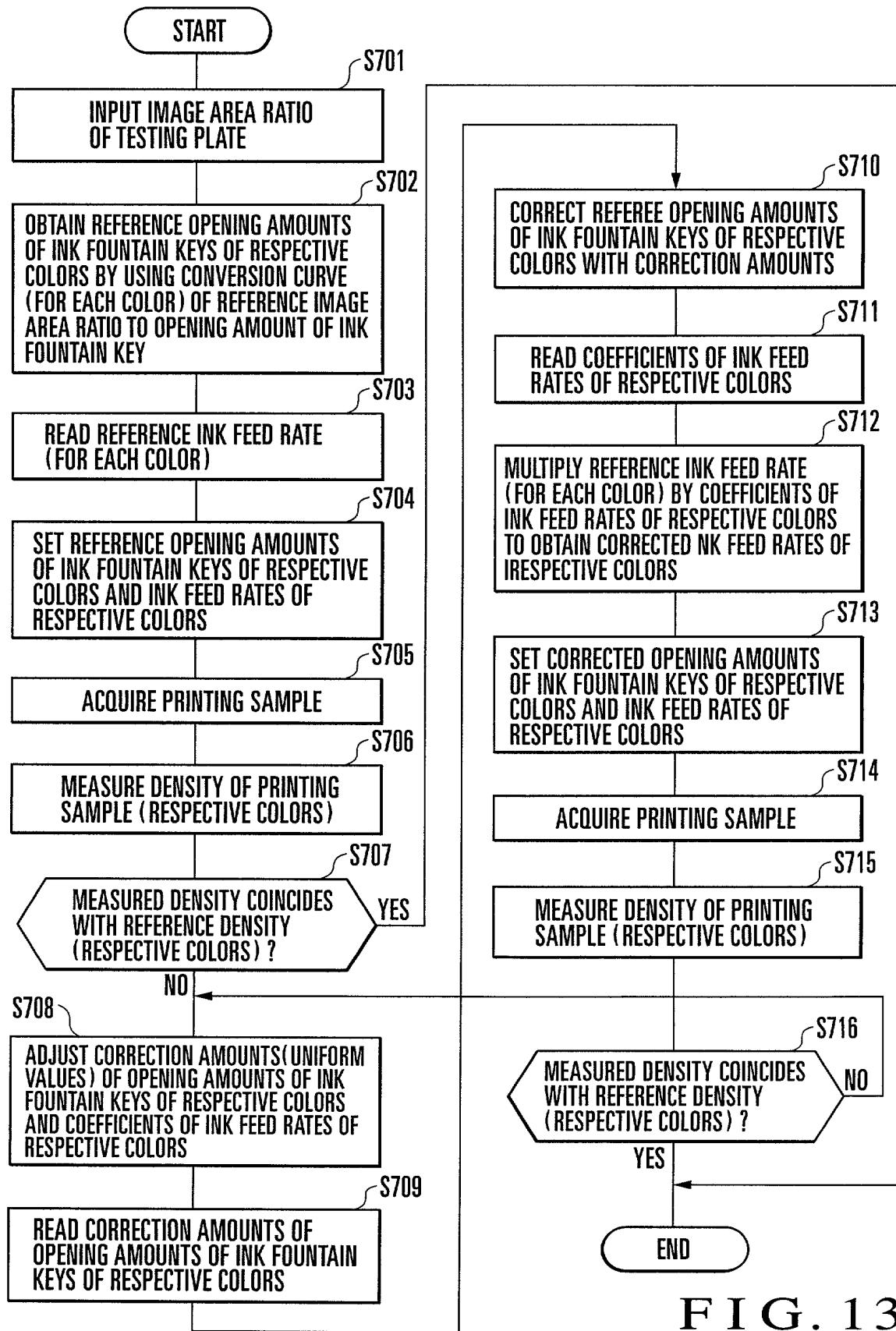
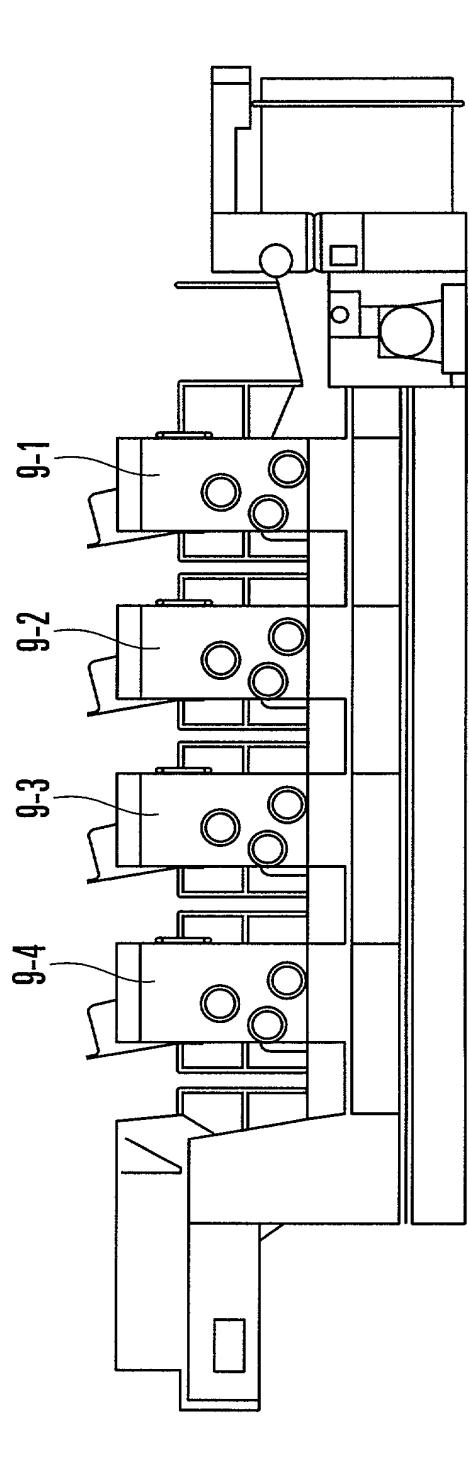


FIG. 13

FIG. 16



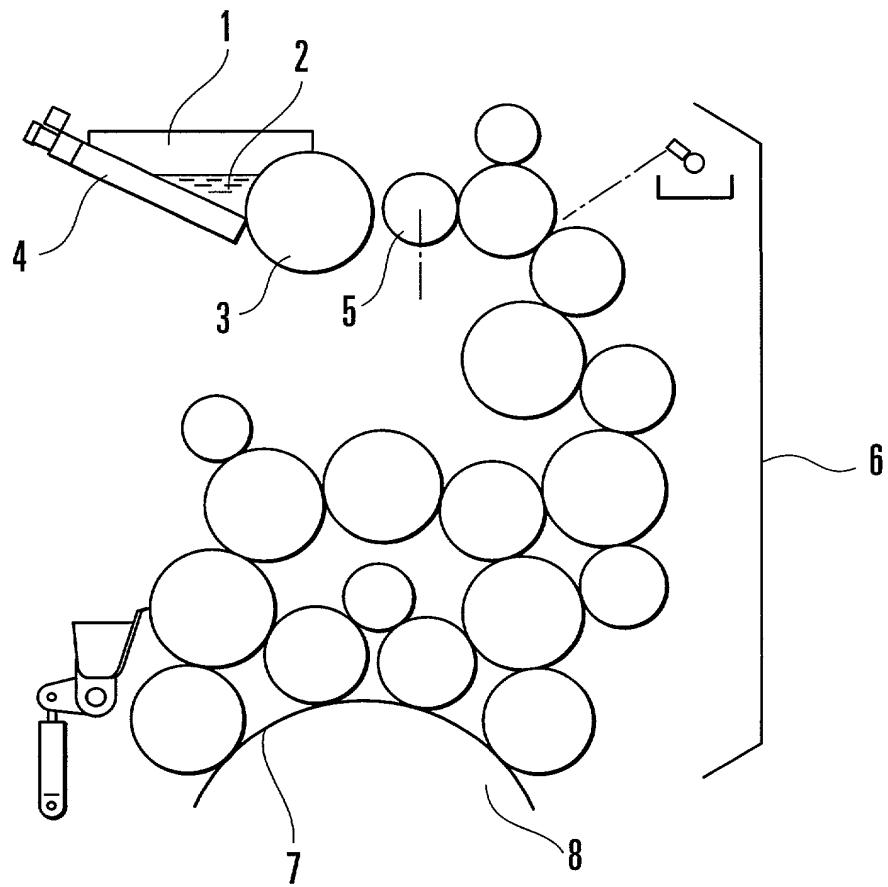


FIG. 15

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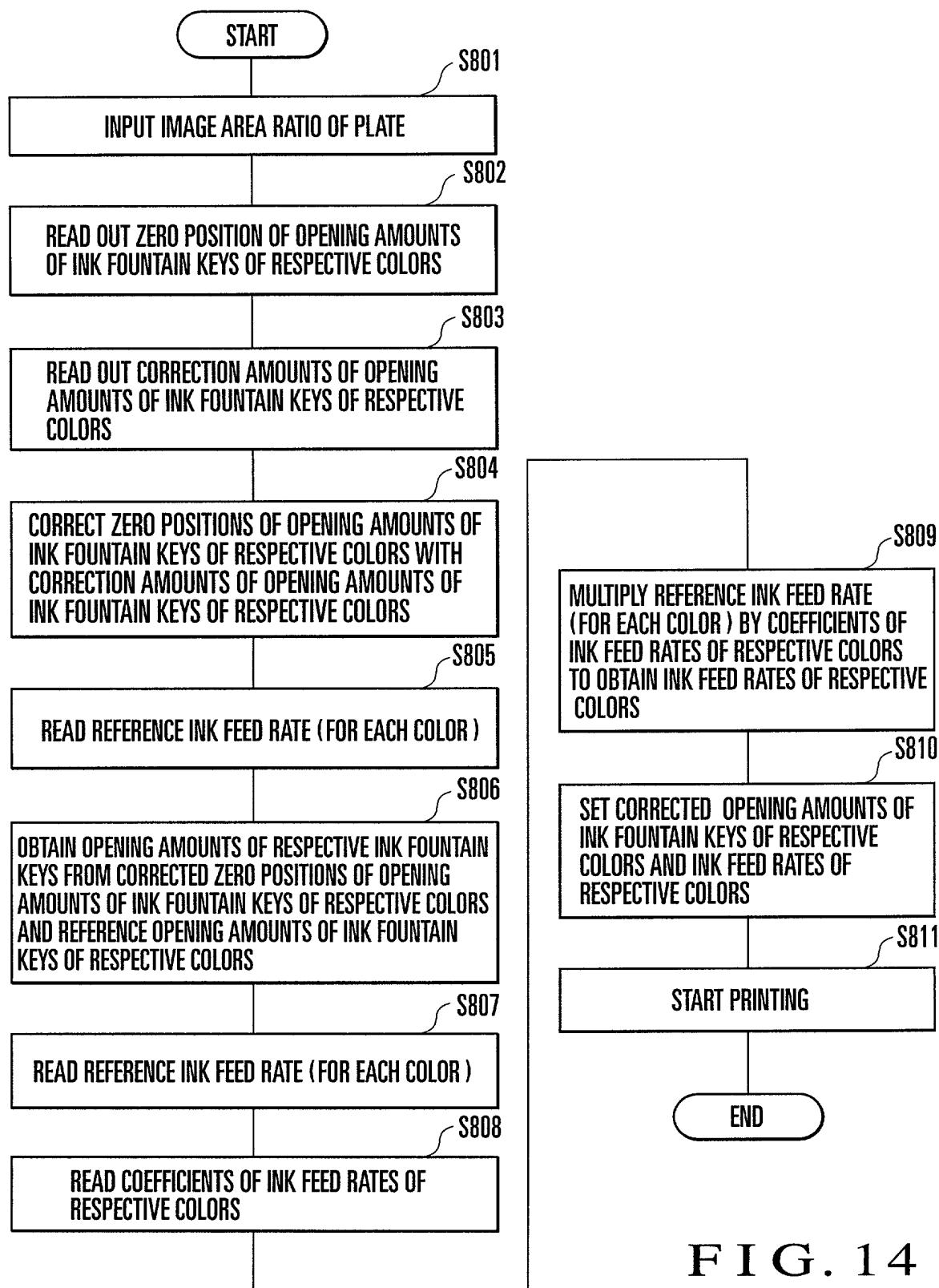


FIG. 14

FIG. 17A

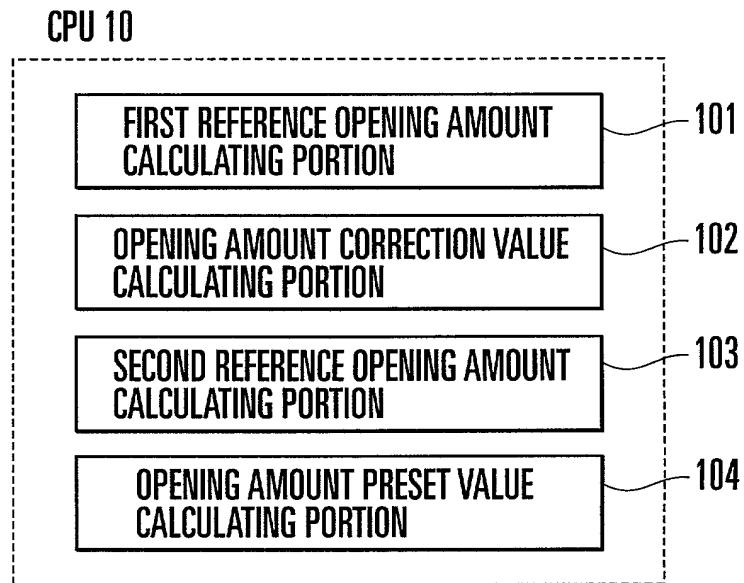


FIG. 17B

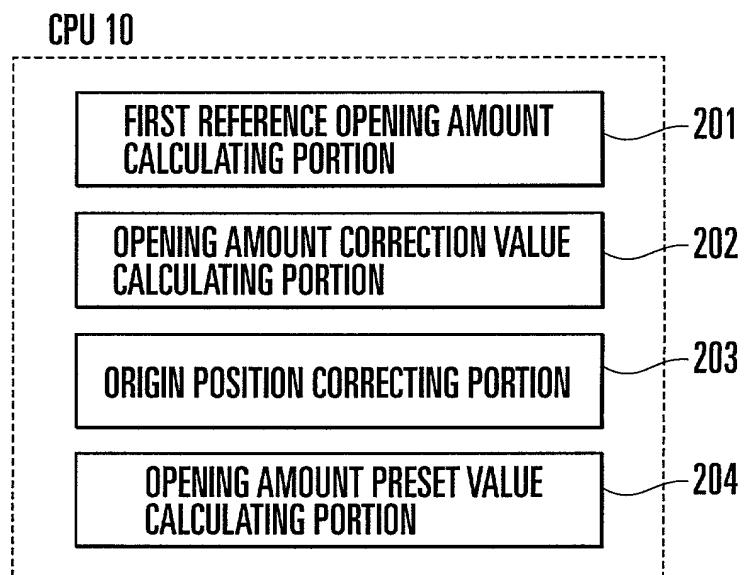
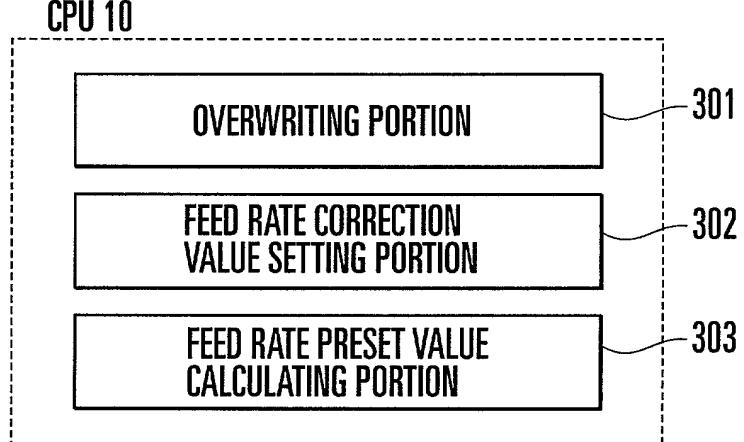


FIG. 17C



Our Ref.: 96790 · P 324

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below, next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

Method and Apparatus for Adjusting Ink Supply Amount for Printing Press

the specification of which

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I do not know and do not believe that the same was ever known or used in the United States of America before my invention thereof, or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before my invention thereof or more than one year prior to this application, that the same was not in public use or on sale in the United States of America more than one year prior to this application, and that the invention has not been patented or made the subject of an inventor's certificate issued before the date of this application in any country foreign to the United States of America on an application filed by me or my legal representatives or assigns more than twelve months prior to this application.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119, of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

251711/1999 (Number)	Japan (Country)	06/09/1999 (Day/Month/Year Filed)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
 (Number)	 (Country)	 (Day/Month/Year Filed)	 Yes	 No

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status -- patented, pending, abandoned)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status -- patented, pending, abandoned)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status -- patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby appoint BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR & ZAFMAN, a firm including: Aloysius T. C. AuYeung, Reg. No. 35,432; William Thomas Babbitt, Reg. No. 39,591; Jordan Michael Becker, Reg. No. 39,602; Bradley J. Bereznak, Reg. No. 33,474; Michael A. Bernadicou, Reg. No. 35,934; Roger W. Blakely, Jr., Reg. No. 25,831; Gregory D. Caldwell, Reg. No. 39,926; Kent M. Chen, Reg. No. 39,630; Lawrence M. Cho, Reg. No. 39,942; Thomas M. Coester, Reg. No. 39,637; Roland B. Cortes, Reg. No. 39,152; William Donald Davis, Reg. No. 38,428; Michael Anthony DeSanctis, Reg. No. 39,957; Daniel M. De Vos, Reg. No. 37,813; Tarek N. Fahmi, Reg. No. P41,402; James Y. Go, Reg. No. P40,621; David R. Halvorson, Reg. No. 33,395; Eric Ho, Reg. No. 39,711; George W Hoover II, Reg. No. 32,992; Eric S. Hyman, Reg. No. 30,139; Dag H. Johansen, Reg. No. 36,172; Stephen L. King, Reg. No. 19,180; Michael J. Mallie, Reg. No. 36,591; Kimberley G. Nobles, Reg. No. 38,255; Ronald W. Reagin, Reg. No. 20,340; James H. Salter, Reg. No. 35,668; William W. Schaal, Reg. No. 39,018; James C. Scheller, Reg. No. 31,195; Charles E. Shemwell, Reg. No. 40,171; Maria McCormack Sobrino, Reg. No. 31,639; Stanley W. Sokoloff, Reg. No. 25,128; Allan T. Sponseller, Reg. No. 38,318; Steven R. Sponseller, Reg. No. 39,384; Edwin H. Taylor, Reg. No. 25,129; Lester J. Vincent, Reg. No. 31,460; John Patrick Ward, Reg. No. 40,216; Ben J. Yorks, Reg. No. 33,609; and Norman Zafman, Reg. No. 26,250; my attorneys; and Robert Andrew Diehl, Reg. No. P40,992; Sharmini Nathan Green, Reg. No. P-41,410; Thomas A. Hassing, Reg. No. 36,159; Edwin A. Sloane, Reg. No. 34,728; and Judith A. Szepesi, Reg. No. 39,393; my patent agents, with offices located at 12400 Wilshire Boulevard, 7th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90025, telephone (310) 207-3800, with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected herewith.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full Name of First/Sole Inventor Toshikazu Tomita

Inventor's Signature Toshikazu Tomita Date August 21, 2000

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